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The Bucks County Gazette.

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Prepared Specially for the Bucks County Gazette.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

The electric light is reported to have been tried in France as a lure for sea fish. The brilliant glare of a submerged lamp is found to attract great numbers of fishes, which may be readily captured in nets.

The specific gravity of liquid steel has recently been determined by Herr Alexjeff to be 8.05. It is therefore considerably heavier than solid steel, which has a specific gravity of 7.81 to 7.84.

The motion of heavy bodies like railway trains shakes the earth for considerable distances, and observation of such facts is gradually giving rise to a belief that the force necessary to produce earthquake shocks has been over estimated. A delicate apparatus used by Prof. H. F. Paul showed quite strong vibrations on the passing of an express train a third of a mile away, and like effects were observed even at somewhat greater distances. A perceptible vibration was transmitted through the ground whenever a stone was struck by the wheels of a one-horse vehicle passing at a distance of 400 or 500 feet.

Helmuth Drucberg, of Berlin, contends that the opposite side of the moon from the earth may have air and water, and be inhabited. The same side of the moon is always turned to the earth, and the centrifugal force arising from the moon's motion around the earth would tend to throw such light and fluid portions of its substance as air and water to the further side, while the earth's attraction would contribute to keep the heavy side toward us. As an illustration, a moistened ball may be swung by a cord. The same side will always be toward the centre of revolution, and the moisture will pass to the outer side.

The value for agricultural purposes of the blood of the 43,000,000 animals yearly slaughtered in France is estimated by a French writer to be 21,000,000 francs. Various methods have been proposed for treating the blood so as to prevent nuisance

According to a paper from Dr. C. J Macgowan, the orange trees in portions of the province of Canton, in China, are injured by certain worms, to destroy which the inhabitants import ants from the neighboring hills The ants are of two species, and inhabit nests suspended from the branches of trees. They are collected and transported in bladders, and are placed in the tops of the orange trees, which are connected by means of bamboo rods so as to give the ants ready access to all parts of the orchard. The remedy has been in constant use at least since 1840, and probably dates from a much earlier period. Prof. C. V. Riley wishes to learn if these species of ant have ever been determined.

Mr A. H. Swinton has endeavored to show the relation existing between the appearance of insects and sun-spot cycles, and gives a tabulated record to prove that certain insects are most numerous during the years immediately following a minimum of sun-spots, and *vice versa*. If this theory may be applied to all species, a period of insect scarcity should now follow the remarkable actively of the sun's surface for some time past.

The strength of hoisting cables for mines has been investigated by a French commission. Greater care is found to be necessary with metalic cables than with those of textile materials, on account of liability to corrosion, and preference is given to the latter for most mines.

Croll, in his "Climate and Time," says. "Here is one way of conveying to the mind some idea of what a million of years is. Take a strip of paper an inch broad or more, and eighty-three feet four inches in length, and stretch it along the wall of a large hall, or around the walls of an apartment somewhat over twenty feet square. Recall to memory the days of your boyhood. so as to get some adequate conception of what a period of a hundred years is. Then mark off from one of the ends of the strip one-tenth of an inch The one-tenth of an inch will then represent one hundred years, and the entire length of the strip a million of years. It is well worth making the experiment, just in order to feel the striking impression that it produces on the mind. Could we stand upon the edge of a gorge, a mile and a half in depth, that had been cut out of the solid rock by a tiny stream, scarcely visible at the bottom of this fearful abyss, and were we informed that this little streamlet was able to wear off annually only one-tenth of an inch from its rocky bed, what would our conception be of the prodigious length of time that this stream must have taken to excavate the gorge? We should certainly feel startled when, on making the necessary calculations, we found that the stream had performed this enormous amount of work in something less than a million years."

By an improved method, the quantity of blood in living mammals has been ascertained to be between one-twelfth and one-thirteenth of the weight of the body. Under normal conditions this proportion varies but little. A healthy man weighing 150 pounds must therefore carry about twelve pounds of blood.

Evidence that the Dead Sea was once a part of the ocean has been presented to the Paris Academy of Sciences.

The Beach Hill Mansion, which has been one of the landmarks of Baltimore for more than eighty years, is being demolished to make room for modern structures. This venerable pile is said to have owed its origin to a suggestion of Louis Phillippe, who during his exile visited the Ridgeley family at Baltimore. Riding past Beach Hill one day, he remarked, "Here is the site for a dwelling"; and his host, approving his judgment, soon afterward erected the mansion which is now being pulled down. The last occupant of the house was Mr. Samuel Cooper, a venerable citizen of Baltimore, who, to his great distress, was compelled in his old age to abandon the home in which he had hoped to end his life.

Society is composed of two great classes; those who have more dinners than appetite, and those who have more appetite than dinners.—*Chamfort*.

TO THE EAST WIND.

BY ADELAIDE E. M. D. PARKER.

Thou comest far across the heaving sea,
Bearing its briny odors on thy wings,
Oh, thou refreshing, glorious East Wind!
Most welcome thou of all that Summer brings!

'Tis true thy moods are often somewhat rough,
And thy mild, soothing greetings faint and few,
Like those true hearted turbulent old friends
Whose moods we pardon for the good they do.

Who that has dragged through sultry August noons
Pent in some city's close and crowded street,
With spirits dulled and faculties benumbed,
Sighing for respite from the stifling heat,

Has not been thankful suddenly to feel
Upon his brow thy cool breath from the main,
Rousing from languor and dejectedness
To action, hope, and interest again?

The Psalmist says: "God makes his angels winds"
If so, of that aerial angel band
Thou oh, beloved East Wind, art chief and best!
A welcome visitant from God's own hand!

FARMER BROWN'S SUMMER BUTTER.

BY MISS EVELYN DARLING.

"Stan' steady, Bess. You're the boss cow, you know, and if you should tip this pail of yellow milk over, Miss Dolly would not like it. Dolly's got to make the butter this Summer, and you and I must do all we can to help her. Guess she thinks you know just about as much as I do But I'd like to kiss her once, anyhow, wouldn't you, Bess?"

So spoke George Sterling, Farmer Brown's hired man, to his particular confidant, the handsome Alderney cow, whom he had named "Queen Bess." Ding! dong! went the breakfast bell, swung by Dolly's plump, strong arm, and the young farmer turned his cows into the pasture, one by one, "Brindle, Ebony, Speckle, and Bess," and then carried the brimming pails into the large, cool milk room.

"You're a good milker, George," and Dolly smiled up at him as she looked at the clear, rich milk. "I believe, with you to help me, I can make some nice butter this Summer."

It made a pretty picture in the morning sunshine. The large, old fashioned red farm-house, with windows and doors invitingly open, flowers and tall trees brightening and beautifying the yard and garden. There were lilac bushes and hollyhocks, pinks, poppies, marigolds, and sunflowers, fine old New England varieties. Inside the house everything looked comfortable. The kitchen was large and airy, having two outside doors opposite each other and both opening on to wide, clean-swept piazzas. The floors were painted spruce yellow and were smooth and clean. An old fashioned light-stand stood near a window and on the white spread which covered it was a basket of stockings, with balls of mending yarn, and a brass candlestick, with an inch or two of candle in its socket. A low kitchen chair with rockers stood near, and the last weekly newspaper hung over its back.

The breakfast table would have appeared inviting to any one in health and good temper. A fairly clear, white cloth, spun and woven by the grandmother of the family, a small pitcher of cream for the coffee; sweet, yellow butter and fresh rolls, light doughnuts, fried brown, potatoes, egg, some kind of stewed fruit and a pitcher of fresh milk, for any who wished it.

Did they have napkins and silver forks? Not exactly. That is, they didn't have the forks. Aunt Sally made such a fuss that, with all Dolly's other burdens, she did not think it best to "stand the storm" which would have broken over her head had she used every day the sacred company silver forks. Dolly was a brave girl, and did not yield when it was wrong to yield, but persisted in doing as she ought and endured whatever came She had been away for two years, attending an excellent school, and the duty of cleanly and in some sense beautiful living had been strongly impressed upon her bright young mind. Her mother had died, and now the main responsibility of the house-keeping rested upon the daughter's eighteen-year-old shoulders. Dolly did many things as Aunt Sally directed, but in the matter of napkins she was firm. She felt it both a duty and a pleasure to accustom her little brother and the young farmers whom her father hired to refined ways of living. She herself was pleasant to look at, as she sat at the head of the table (her father wished her to sit in her mother's place), pouring the clear coffee into pretty cups, a clean linen collar at her throat, and, her hair nicely brushed. A passing observer would have thought it a pleasant group gathered around the table that Summer morning—farmer Brown opposite his daughter, Aunt Sally and Dolly's young brother at one side, and George Sterling, the hired man, at the other.

"Father, I'm going to put down my first tub of butter to-day," said Dolly. "So you see it's an important day in my life."

"Yes, my dear, and I hope you'll gain the day and put down a good tub, but I suspect, after George has churned and washed the butter, the credit'll be a good deal due to him if it's good."

"Yes, indeed, Father, but I'm going to work just as hard as George does, and Dolly Brown's butter will be the most famous butter in the country, you naughty father."

"You'd better wait till Fall before you brag about your butter," interposed Aunt Sally. "If the buyers won't pay nothin' for it, you won't feel so fine, I guess."

"Well, I shall try hard to have it good," returned Dolly; "and I'm not going to bother myself all Summer by fearing that the buyers won't pay anything for it"

"No, don't fret yourself. I guess, if I didn't skim the milk, you'd find your butter 'd be a pretty mess. It makes a sight o' difference how milk's *skum*. The rest ain't nothin', in comparison. But then, of course, nobody in this house never does anything but Dolly. But I can remember twenty years before she was born, and there was butter and cheese made in *them* benighted days, and in this house too."

"Oh! well, Aunt Sally," said Mr. Brown, "Dolly's a young housekeeper and needs encouragin' a bit. Mebbe she'll have a poor tub or two; but, if she does the best she can, we shan't find fault."

George Sterling said nothing; but he longed to box Aunt Sally's ears soundly, and, if his confidant, Queen Bess, had been near, he would have told her that he longed to kiss away the tears that he saw glistening in Dolly's sweet eyes, as she cleared away the breakfast things.

The summer came and went. The birds that sang in the trees near Dolly's chamber window woke her each morning with their joyous carols, and at night the distance-softened song of the frogs away in the meadows lulled her to sleep. Aunt Sally rose early ten mornings during the entire Summer, walked majestically into the milk-room and skimmed the milk. Those were happy days in the Brown family. The exercise and the fresh breakfast disposed the molecules of Aunt Sally's physical system a little more amicably toward each other, and the spiritual elevation that often results from a little bodily exercise made life considerably more enjoyable to the Brown family on those particular days than was generally the case. It has been said that every house has a skeleton in its closet, but happy that house whose skeleton occupies its own closet and stays where it is put. In Farmer Brown's dwelling it ate and drank, weighed one hundred and sixty pounds, and made the day troublesome and the night weary.

The young and strong can and will be happy, but for those long burdened by the cares and duties of life such skeletons are hard to have in the house.

George Sterling thought it was no man's duty, nor woman's either, to endure such petty yet enormous trials as Dolly and her kind father daily submitted to, and he and Queen Bess had many an emphatic conversation on the subject. The Queen George found a very entertaining companion, for she listened well and let him do all the talking. He could talk better to her than to most of the people about him George had ideas enough, but, like "Richard Hathaway," he could not always express them He was the direct opposite of Aunt Sally, he was more famous for *doing* than for *talking*, yet no one who ever heard her could doubt that out of the fullness of her heart Aunt Sally spoke. George Sterling's faithful heart was, so to speak, gone. Dolly, with her sweet ways, had carried it away, quite beyond recovery. At first he was appalled and troubled, later, he grew quiet, resolving to do his best, and doing it, and so gathering strength to bear his fortune, whatever it should be. He considered Dolly somewhat above him, especially in mental cultivation, and, besides, he was young and had as yet very little in the world except excellent, industrious habits and a kind, pure heart—a handsome fortune, though, let me tell you, my dear young lady reader.

The milk-room in the Brown house was a pleasant place. I'm sure the daintiest city lady would have thought it nice It was large, clean, and cool and happy the person whom Dolly gave a dish of strawberries and allowed to help himself to some of the sweet, rich cream. Every evening she looked herself to the straining of the milk, to be sure that no particles of dirt were left in it, but she soon found that she could trust George Sterling

"Do you wish for more light, George?" she asked, one evening, as she left her chair on the south piazza and stepped to the milk-room door "Yes, if you please," answered George. Dolly soon appeared with a candle, saying, "Here is just what you wished for, then," and she smiled brightly as she dipped out some of the warm milk for mixing her morning's bread. "That is true," said George, but his eyes rested on Dolly, instead of the candle she had brought him.

In the early morning they churned and worked over the butter together. It was hard work, but with now and then an exquisite little passage of poetry in it too. When George stopped for a moment to rest and take breath, Dolly would offer, with sweet feeling in her tones, to churn for a little while, and he would let her try for a turn or two of the crank.

"It takes hard turning to get the richness out of things, doesn't it?" said Dolly, one morning when the butter came with a little more difficulty than usual, "I used to think so last Winter," returned George "Winter cream is hard to manage, and then you were not here to help me," and he looked up at Dolly with an expression of such intense appreciation of the state of things when she *was* there to help him that, though she hardly knew it, an added tint glowed in her bright young cheeks.

"Yes," he went on, "I used to think some mornings that life to an earnest man was a good deal like churning Winter cream. But then I, for one, shall keep turning the crank."

He spoke quietly and with a smile; but Dolly felt, with an instant thrill of pleasure, that strength and excellence were near and ready to serve her.

The Summer passed. The floor of the butter cellar was very nearly covered with well filled tubs. A little before the time for selling Farmer Brown had been called to a distant Western State on account of the sickness of his only and widowed sister. He was detained several weeks, and finally wrote to George that they must do the best they could with the butter and no longer rely upon him to attend to it. On the evening after they had received the letter two neighbors called and reported that they had sold for thirty cents a pound. The evening papers had reported only twenty-seven cents as the latest price, and they advised the Browns not to sell for a few days, etc.

During the evening, as the two men were talking, there were occasional indications that a storm was about to break over the luckless members of the Brown family. There were low mutterings of thunder, a few short, sharp flashes of lightning, and now and then a barbed arrow flew through the air.

A great hero rises to the occasion and Aunt Sally rose. The family were left alone about nine o'clock. Dolly went to the kitchen to make some preparations for the morning's breakfast. Aunt Sally followed, with heavy, threatening step.

"Have you noticed how lovely the moonlight is, Aunt Sally?" asked Dolly.

"Moonlight! What, do you s'pose I care 'bout moonlight when the butter ain't sold? 'N' I know jest how 'tw'll be. 'T wont be sold 't all, 'twi'll stay in the *suller* all Winter, 'n' we shan't git fifteen cents a pound for it. I should thought you and George'd known enough to 'tended to it 'fore this time. Never see such a tarnal easy set as this family all be."

"Why, Aunt Sally," answered Dolly, "it hasn't been a week since the Smiths sold. Buyers generally come along about this time Father most always sells to some of them, you know. I don't think we need to worry about it."

"No, you won't worry, I'll warrant. No danger of anybody's worryin' in this house, but me. I don't s'pose, if the house was burning down, one of ye'd stir, unless 'twas pulled out by main strength. Talk about your father? Who ever knew him to do anything? Sits 'n' stayin' to home 'n' mindin' his own business, he must go galavantin' off to Kansas, to see his sister, 'cause she happens to be sick. What if she hain't no husband? Folks have to die, I 'spose. What'd she ever do for him, I'd like to know. 'F she was wuth a million o' money, I don't s'pose she'd give 'im a cent."

"Well, I guess to-morrow morning George 'll know what to do, and we'd better go to bed now, Aunt Sally. I'm very tired."

"George! What'll he know about it, and what'll he care, 'f he does know?"

"Would you like this candle, Aunt?"

"What do you keep talking to me 'bout candles for? 'F I wanted a candle, couldn't I get it? Go to bed, 'f you want to. I don't expect you'll care whether the butter's ever sold or not."

Dolly knew that it was no use to reply, so she took her candle and went to her little chamber over the sitting room. She tried hard to sleep, knowing that breakfast must be ready early and that no hands but hers would prepare it.

About two o'clock Aunt Sally burst into the room, her cap strings flying and her teeth rattling. Evidently she had not been in bed at all.

"Dolly," she called, in loud, reproving tones, "it's raining hard."

"What is it, Aunt Sally? Are you sick?"

"It's raining hard, I tell you. Don't you hear it?"

"Well, what if it is? I can't help it. What harm will it do?"

"What *harm* will it do? Do you s'spose folks will come to buy butter in a driving rain?"

"But, it may not rain to-morrow, Aunt Sally. Why, its only two o'clock. The shower must have come up very suddenly."

"What if it don't rain to-morrow. The roads'll be all mud knee-deep. Nobody'd come through such mean mud's we have to look at butter. They'd be fools 'f they did. It's jest's I said. The butter won't be sold 't all. You'd know yourself 'twouldn't he, 'f you want deaf's an adder and blind's a bat"

"Aunt Sally, I think this is a little too much. I'm very tired, and I want you to go right out of my room and leave me to sleep."

"I shall go out o' this room jest 's quick 's I'm mind to, 'n' no quicker; 'n' the more you talk about it the more I shan't go. Anybody'd think, to hear you talk, that you did all the work in this house. Who's skimmed the milk all Summer, I'd like to know? I s'pose you think the butter'd come all the same, skimmin' or no skimmin', 'n' now we shan't sell a pound, 'n' we shan't have money enough to keep from starvin' to death 'n' buy clothes to cover our nakedness. Aut there's one thing about it I won't pinch 'n' be economical a bit longer. I'll spend every dollar I'm mind to. What 'f one o' them city buyers should come in the pourin' rain? We shouldn't know whether to trust 'im or nôt I wouldn't let 'im touch the butter unless he paid the money down. 'T's jest the meanest thing that ever happened since the world began that we didn't go to S—— a week ago, 'n' see 'bout sellin' it, 'n' not wait till this time; 'n' 'f we don't git thirty cents, jest's the rest o' the neighbors have, I shan't never want show my face outside this house again, 'n' the' shan't one o' the family, 'f I can help it."

But Aunt Sally at length ran down, and Dolly knew that, unless she had a strong cup of tea or a little sleep, she wouldn't be in running order again for several hours, and she prepared to enjoy herself accordingly. By six o'clock she was busy preparing breakfast, running out "between times" to freshen her heart with a look at the pink and purple morning glories that grew up over the south piazza. She was as bright and pleasant to her little brother as though her night's rest had been untroubled and filled with sweetest dreams. The prospect for a cosy, quiet breakfast was brightening when half a dozen geese, smitten with total depravity, walked hurriedly toward the house and held one of their most spirited conversations directly under Aunt Sally's chamber window. They couldn't have been more excited if they had been discussing the family butter and its prospects.

Dolly had just served the coffee and taken a sip or two out of her own cup, when the sitting room door opened, and out walked Aunt Sally, looking quiet but ominous. She drew a chair to the fire and sat black and silent for five minutes.

"Did the geese wake you up, Aunt Sally," asked Willie, Dolly's little brother.

"Wake me up! Guess they'd awaked anybody up that wan't dead. If I was a boy big's you be, I'd keep geese in their places, but nobody in this family ever sees to anything or ever will."

"Won't you have some coffee, while it is fresh and hot, Aunt Sally?" asked Dolly.

"No! I don't want nothin', hot or cold. I feel perfectly sick this mornin', jest's I knew last night I should feel; and I've to have the doctor right off and have somethin' to take. Here's a whole month gone, 'n' hain't had but two quart bottles o' medicines. I had to lay awake all night and think about the butter. I knew if I didn't nobody else would. It'll make me down sick. I feel this mornin' jest's eff I's going to have the typhoid fever, 'n' I *shall* have it too. If I had anything to do 'bout things, I should go right off this mornin' and see 'bout sellin' that butter; but, of course, what I think's nothin' in this house and never was."

The group at the table were silent; only now and then saying a word or two, as they served each other.

Dolly felt the essential vulgarity of all family contentions, and, in general, she answered nothing to Aunt Sally's foolish tirades, which were much more frequent in Mr. Brown's absence.

George Sterling left the room as quickly as he could, and Dolly followed him to the piazza, where they talked a minute over what had best be done.

"George will drive down to S—— and see what he can do with the butter," Dolly said, as she returned to the kitchen.

But Aunt Sally deigned no reply. She rose and walked into the more genteel part of the house and was not seen again for several hours. The occasional slamming of doors and windows alone testified to her existence.

In the afternoon George returned, and told Dolly that he could contract the butter for but twenty-five cents. The markets were full for a few days; but her father's friends had advised him to wait a little, as they thought it would be up to thirty cents again.

Several days passed and the question of butter was still unsettled. Dolly was busy with her work, hardly getting a minute to peep into the new *Harper* which George had brought from the post office. One day she put two of her delicious custard pies into the oven to bake, and then went up stair for a few minutes to make beds. Aunt Sally, meanwhile, walked into the kitchen, which she found "cold as a barn," built up a hot fire, and sat down by the stove. When Dolly returned, she smelt a strong odor of burning pastry, and, opening the oven door, found that her pies were completely ruined.

"Why, Aunt Sally," she said, "didn't you smell my pies burning?"

"Smell um!" returned Aunt Sally. "No, I didn't, 'n' I shan't smell nothin' more till the butter's sold." And she marched off into the sitting room, as though her dignity had been offended.

"What a pity Dickens didn't know Aunt Sally," thought Dolly, as she went about making some more pies.

Mr. John Sterling, George's father, always sent away his butter to a certain city firm, whose chief member had, as a boy, been brought up in the family of John Sterling's father. The Sterlings knew the firm well and knew that it was trustworthy. George, therefore, suggested to Dolly that he write to his father's friend, Mr. Furness, and ask his advice about the butter they had to sell.

He wrote, and in a short time a letter came, advising the Browns to sent their butter on. It would surely net them twenty-eight cents and perhaps thirty. Mr. Furness promised to do the best he could.

The matter was talked over with Aunt Sally, and, after much tribulation, all the tubs, with their golden weight, were put into the cars and sent to the city. The day on which it was carried out of the yard Aunt Sally's final blast was as follows "There! That butter'll never come back, 'n' I shouldn't wonder a mite 'f the money never did; 'n' who's goin' to pay for the freight 'n' *tear* 'n' old Harry 'n' all on it, I'd like to know?"

Half of Aunt Sally's prediction proved true The Browns never did see their butter again, but they saw twenty-nine cents for each pound.

Aunt Sally thought that the social degradation resulting from getting one cent a pound less than their nearest neighbors ought to make every one of Browns utterly ashamed, and the number of things the family would actually suffer for because they had lost twelve dollars was astounding.

About the middle of November Mr. Brown returned, bringing with him his sister, a woman of kind heart and strong character.

Before a week had gone by, Dolly felt that the burden of her daily life was much lighter, with Aunt Elizabeth to cheer and help her She found more leisure to assist her young brother in his studies and to read her own dearly loved books and magazines.

The Winter, with its long, cosy evenings and its merry sleigh rides, was over before they had enjoyed it half enough, Dolly thought, and the birds were singing again among the trees that shaded the house. The old butternut tree behind the long row of barns had large, handsome leaves once more.

One Sunday afternoon Dolly took a book and went to sit in the shade of the old tree, just as she had often done ever since she was a little girl. The book was "John Halifax, Gentleman," and somehow, as she read and became more and more interested in the character of the hero, she was startled to find herself thinking of George Sterling. The tones of voice she read of the kind, searching eyes; the erect, firm bearing—she knew them all. They were near her. They had often quietly cheered and strengthened her.

A slight noise from the stone wall opposite made her look up. There were the very eyes, looking straight into hers.

"Why, George! How came you here?"

"I've been home, and came back across the fields. It's only three miles, you know, comin' across. You looked perfectly happy as I came up. What are you reading?"

"'John Halifax,'" answered Dolly. "Do you know the book?"

"Yes, well; and I'm glad you're reading it."

"Why? Will it help me to make nicer butter?"

"That's just it. After a person reads it, he feels that he's got to do his best in whatever work he's called to, and help along people about him's well's he can."

"That's fine praise," said Dolly. "Have you been to the post office? I see you have a letter."

"This came yesterday. I've been wanting to show it to you," and George took the letter from its envelope and handed it to her, at the same time sitting down on the rock by her side.

The letter was as follows

MY DEAR GEORGE STERLING

"Our firm will probably buy more butter than usual next Fall and we want to secure as many fine lots as possible Can you send us another twelve hundred pounds as good as that was which you sent us last year? We'll promise to pay the highest price in the market for the next ten years, if you'll send us butter like that. Please let us hear from you soon.

"Very truly yours,
"F. H. FURNESS"

"Do you remember telling your father that you meant Dolly Brown's butter to be famous?" asked George, as she finished reading.

"But I'm afraid you won't stay with us ten years," said Dolly, smiling. "And, if we hadn't had you to take care of the cattle, milk, and churn so well, etc., I am afraid the fame of our butter would never have gone abroad."

"It follows, then, that we ought to make butter together, doesn't it?" said George.

"I think it does," said Dolly, trying to look unconscious. "So you'll have to stay till the ten years are up," and she closed her book and half rose, as if to go.

"Don't go just yet, please," said George, as he took her hand and drew her back, with a gentle yet firm pressure. "There is something I wish to tell you. I have thought that my brother would stay at home, take care of father and mother, and always keep the old place, but lately his mind seems bent on studying medicine, and father thinks he'd better go where he can have the best teachers to work with. You can see what is left for me to do. I must go home. But that isn't all, Dolly. Dear old mother wants a daughter. She wants a certain sweet young girl named Dolly Brown. I want her, too, very much. Dolly, *won't* you come?"

She looked up slowly, with tears in her eyes. "Will you be good to me? Good, like John Halifax?"

"I'll try," said George, solemnly. "And you? Will you be like Ursula?"

"I, too, will try," she answered.

"And we'll make butter together," said George, as he kissed her, smiling through her tears.

Dolly would never have left her father and young brother to the care of strangers, and George used to say that Aunt Elizabeth had been sent as a special providence, so that Dolly might come to him.

Aunt Sally's value is still, on the whole, an unknown quantity. And yet who knows but the angels may some day solve the problem and obtain a larger answer than any of us, think. She is said so be really gentle and loving to Dolly's little daughter

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Games which depend upon physical dexterity are constantly undergoing a process of evolution toward greater and greater difficulty, and no one of them has advanced further from its starting point than billiards. "Originally," says *Land and Water*, "the game consisted in simply pushing one ball against its adversary, so that the latter, after having struck the band, would fall into one of the six pockets round the table. For this purpose a straight or curved stick was used, which was called a queue. It is with one of these queue, in the form of a cross, that the prints of the seventeenth century show Louis XIV. playing with Chamillard. One day, at an inn at Caen, tradition says that a brilliant party were playing, when a difficult stroke presented itself. As it would bring the game to an end, every one gave advice as to the manner in which the stroke should be made. A grazier entered at the moment, elated with wine. 'I will do it with my whip,' cried he. Suiting the action to the word, he struck the ball with his whip, which was tipped with leather. The ball recoiled, and the stupefied grazier thought it was a miracle, he tried again with the same success—he had invented the stroke. Billiards were not known at the French Court until the reign of Louis XIV. Chamillard, an eminent councillor, owed his fortune to his skill at the game. He was introduced to the King, and immediately became a favorite, for although so skillful he knew how to lose, hence he rose steadily in royal favor, until at last he became a Minister.

New Zealand's rabbit skin trade has attracted the attention of the United States Consul at Auckland, and it certainly has points of interest. Ten years ago there were only about 36,000 skins exported, and now there are 8,500,000, with a value of about half a million dollars. Still more striking is the fact that twenty years ago there was not a rabbit on the island. A few pairs of rabbits were taken there by a gentleman hard driven for game to shoot, and so prolific were they that in a few years their descendents had eaten up a great part of the vegetation, destroying millions of dollars worth of property, causing sheep to die of starvation by thousands, and threatening to ruin agriculture. The colonists employed dogs to kill them, but they still multiplied faster than they could be destroyed, then they resorted to ferrets, weasels, and poison, and this latter was effectual, though scores of thousands of sheep also fell victims to it. It is believed that eighty million rabbits a year are killed in New Zealand by professional rabbit hunters with their appliances Making the best of the misfortune, the skins of the pests were turned into an article of commerce as material for furs, and one of the markets is the United States, which fact has caused the Consul to tell the story.

The Rev. E. O. Barnes, the Kentucky evangelist, who has had such remarkable success of late, is not illiterate or a backwoodsman, as his methods might lead one to suppose. If he uses the dialect Kentucky mountaineers, or the homely phrases of the negroes, it is from choice. Although born in Kentucky, he is a graduate of Princeton College, and served fifteen years as a missionary in India, after which he had a pastorate in Chicago. All this time he was a Presbyterian, but on taking up the work as a revivalist, six years ago, he withdrew from that denomination. His power over the people of the Kentucky mountain region proved phenomenal, and they firmly believe in him as a worker of miracles. He founds his authority for anointing the sick and penitent on this verse from the Epistle of St. James "Is any sick among you? Let him call for the elders of the church, and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord, and the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up, and if he have committed sins they shall be forgiven him"

MY LOVE.

BY H. AIDE.

My love's worth all the world to me,
Her walk to others' dance is light
When she comes by, the sun rides high,
And when she's past, 'tis night.

Her gentle voice, that bids "good-day,"
Is music that my soul loves best,
Her deep-set eyes, her low replies,
The dreams that haunt my rest.

Her presence, like fresh morning showers,
Gives to all things refreshing grace
If she but stoop, sweet buds that droop
Gaze up into her face

That May-day face—where nothing lives
That is not bright—for long together;
Thoughts come and go, like winds that blow
The clouds in golden weather.

Life's passing shades have scarcely chill'd
The gladness of her spirit's light—
O when she's by, the sun seems high,
And when she's past, 'tis night!

The Government of the Sandwich Islands is ostensibly lodged in King Kalakaua and a Parliament, but in reality the larger planters are said to control everything. Claus Spreckels lends the King money, and can do as he pleases with him. The Judges and all officials are said to be ruled by these large sugar growers. Under such a condition of things, the rights of laborers and immigrants receive little protection. Practically many of the women who are persuaded to go there as domestics from foreign countries are treated like slaves, being bought and sold, as though they were inanimate chattels. A girl who arrived there on a sailing vessel from Finland was sold by her master for $75 to a fellow passenger on the voyage. A negro and a Norwegian each bought girls at the same price from men to whom they were under contract of service. A man who had bought a girl in this way sold her on going away to a missionary. The Hawaiians deny that this is slavery, but practically there is little difference; so, at least says the San Francisco *Chronicle*.

From Golden Rule

WHICH ONE?

BY JULIA H. MAY.

One of us, dear—
But one—
Will sit by a bed with a nameless fear,
And clasp a hand
Growing cold as it feels for the spirit land,
Darling, which one?

One of us, dear,
But one—
Will stand by the other's coffin bier
And look, and weep,
While those marble lips strange silence keep?
Darling, which one?

One of us, dear—
But one—
By an open grave will drop a tear
And homeward go
The anguish of an unshared grief to know
Darling, which one?

One of us, dear—
But one—
Shall speak glad words the other cannot hear,
And fully know
All we have dimly groped for here below
Darling, which one?

One of us, darling, it must be,
It may be you will slip from me
My little wife may first be done,
I'm glad we do not know
Which one.

IT WAS HIS WIFE.

HOW A MAN FELL IN LOVE THE SECOND TIME.

A noted music teacher of New York City relates the following incident from real life, which contains a moral worth recognition by wives.

Two years ago a card was brought into my music room, bearing the name of a well known and fashionable married lady. When she was ushered in, I was surprised to see so young a looking woman, though, to be sure, she is not yet forty, and a fair complexion and clear blue eyes make her look younger. She seemed a little embarrassed, but asked me to try her voice. I did so, and found it uncultivated, but was singularly fresh and sweet, in quality a light soprano. I told her so, and her face flushed eagerly as she asked

"Professor, could you teach me to sing?"

"Yes," I replied, "if you choose to apply yourself earnestly."

"I will, and if you can manage it so that I need not be seen, and that no one knows of it, I will take a lesson every day."

We made the best agreement we could, and the lady never failed to appear promptly at the hour. She was so anxious and so persevering that she made the most extraordinary progress, and, when Spring came, her voice had so strengthened and developed as to be almost beyond recognition.

During the Summer I heard nothing of her beyond mention in the society papers of her being at Saratoga. In the Fall she called upon me, and, taking both my hand in hers, shook them earnestly, as she said "Professor, I have come to thank you for making me the happiest woman alive" She then told me that her husband, to whom she was deeply attached, was passionately found of vocal music, and had always regretted that she could not sing to him.

She had never cultivated her voice before marriage, and afterward the coming of children and the claims of society had prevented her attempting it but the unlucky day came came when Mr R made the acquaintance of a charming little widow with a charming voice, who was always ready and willing to sing sweet songs to him, and he gradually fell into the way of spending many of his evenings with her.

At heart devoted to his wife, he was unconscious of his gradual neglect of her, and would have been astonished had she resented his enjoyment of these musical *tete-a-tete*. About the widow I am not prepared to speak Mrs. R., like a nice woman, did not resent it, but undermined the enemy, as you will see. Her music lessons she kept a profound secret from her family. In the Summer they went, as usual, to Saratoga, and took possession of one of the pretty cottages at the United States Hotel.

The morning after their arrival the local newspaper contained a notice that the leading soprano of the Episcopal Church was ill with a throat affection, and the congregation was asked to make due allowance for the disabled choir. The next morning, Sunday, Mr. R., with two of his children, wended his way to the church of his belief, Mrs. R. having excused herself on the plea of a headache.

After the opening service, the minister announced that "a lady from New York had kindly volunteered to sing in place of the sick soprano, and in consequence the musical service would be the same as usual." A few moments later a clear, sweet voice rang through the church, touched the hearts of the people, perhaps, even more through the exquisite expression and feeling which the music had rendered than the qualities of the voice itself. Mr. R. was fascinated, delighted, and inwardly made comparisons between it and the witching widow not flattering to the latter. After the services were over he eagerly sought the minister to ascertain the name of the charming soprano, whose face he had not been able to see from his seat.

"Come with me and I will introduce you," said the minister, who knew Mr. R. by reputation. They entered the choir together, and the good man began, "Miss Brown, permit me to introduce—" when he was interrupted by Mr. R. ejaculating, "Great heavens! it is my wife!" And, place and company notwithstanding, he gave a hearty embrace in his delight and surprise. To cut the story short, he fell in love with her all over again, the singing siren was forgotten, and I don't believe you can find a happier couple in this great city. To mark the occasion, Mr. R. gave his wife a magnificent set of diamonds, which she wears with a great deal of pride All of which is true.

"And now comes the season of travel," says the Toronto *Globe*, "when scores of American wives and daughters, having carefully provided themselves with stamps and postal cards at New York, Boston and Philadelphia, drop a line to 'dear papa' as they pass through Toronto, Montreal, or other Canadian towns. And the letters go to the Dead Letter Office, because American stamps don't much help our postal revenue. When they reach the Dead Letter Office they are nearly always found to be merely signed 'Emmy,' or 'Maggie,' or 'Seraphina,' and of course never reach their destination, and 'dear papa' is left to wonder at the heartless negligence of his patriotic belongings."

Gough tells a story about a boy, who on being reproved for blowing his nose so hard, said it was the Fourth of July, and he would "blow thunder out of it if he wanted to."

A CELEBRATED COUPLE AT THE THEATRE.—At the Bijou Theatre on Saturday night there was a pair that attracted some attention. They sat on the north side of the house, midway between the aisles, about eight rows back from the footlights. There was nothing particularly striking about them. The man was rather insignificant in appearance. He was slight, a little undersized, with a pale face and a Roman nose. He was dressed neatly in black, with a modest scarf, the only jewelry he wore being a scarf pin and a plain gold chain. Under the seat he occupied lay a small straw hat, encircled by a plain black band. Her dress was in excellent taste. It was black, and quietly but fashionably made. Her hat was a small round one, black and ornamented with two or three feathers of a dark color. She wore little or no jewelry. In her hands, which were ungloved, she carried a blue and white feather fan.

The pair enjoyed the performance. They had evidently never seen "Patience" before. They were intelligent enough to appreciate Mr. Gilbert's jokes, and they laughed at all of them as if they had never heard them. Yet their mirth was never boisterous; it was characterized by the same good taste as their dress. The two were not profuse in their attentions to each other, although the man would occasionally lean over toward his companion in an affectionate manner. They were evidently on the best of terms, but their bearing toward each other was rather that of a married couple than of two lovers

When the last song had been sung and the curtain had fallen the couple left the theatre with the rest of the audience. The woman did not take her companion's arm at first. At the door he stopped and lighted a cigarette. They then turned and walked down Broadway through the crowd. At Twenty-seventh street several painted women and loud-talking men unexpectedly brushed against the woman She shrank instinctively from them, and took her companion's arm as if for protection.

"Do you know that couple?" said a young man just graduated from Yale, who was walking behind them with a friend

"They are Blanche Douglas and Walter Malley."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

One of the leading features of the August number of Frank Leslie's *Sunday Magazine*, is the commencement of Marion Harland's new serial, "A Good Fellow." Among the other notable contributions are, "Nantucket" an admirable article by the editor, Rev. Dr Talmage, on "Decoration Day—What it is and what it Means," "Street Singing and its Influence on the Reformation in Germany" "Cyprus, Ancient and Modern," "How the Rough House was Founded by Prayer," "The Vocal Music of the Ancient Hebrews," by Alfreton Hervey, etc., MacDonald's serial, "Weighed and Wanting," is continued, and there is an excellent story by Ella Rodman Church entitled, "Hope Chestlethwaite's Trouble." There are also interesting Sketches and Essays, Poems of merit by J. Logie Robertson, General W. H. Browne, etc., and a most comprehensive, interesting and instructive miscellany. "The Home Pulpit" has a sermon by Dr Talmage, "Do Dreams Mean Anything?" Among the other features of interest are "The Collection Basket," "Missionary Notes," "Information for the Curious," "The Drift of Religious Comment," "Personal Notes and Comments," "Obituary Notices," etc. The illustrations are numerous. The magazine should find its way into every family. The price is only 25 cents a number, $3 a year, postpaid. Send 25 cents for a specimen copy. Address, Frank Leslie, Publisher, 53, 55 and 27 Park Place, N. Y.

The Rev John F. Hooper was styled the Petaluma Pet, because the women of the Congregational Church of Petaluma, Cal, petted him assiduously. It came to be understood that he wanted a wife, and some of the candidates for that position were so bewitching that he had great difficulty in making a choice. Indeed he became engaged to three of them, one after another, before finally marrying Miss Case Among those whom he had jilted was the widow Bissell, described as a charming young lady. On bringing home his bride the injudicious clergyman drove with her past Mrs. Bissell's residence, and pointed out the house in a manner to indicate that he was telling his wife all about the disappointed inmate. The widow complained of this to her friends, and that night a party of men prepared to tar and feather Mr. Hooper, who escaped by flight.

An ancient colored woman named Fanny McKinney, who has lived in Evansville, Ind., since she obtained her freedom, has just applied for a pension, as the only practical recompense for the loss of her second husband, who died in the war. She regards, however, as her strongest claim upon the bounty of her country the fact that she is the mother of twenty-three children, and is indirectly responsible for seventy-five grandchildren. One of her daughters is herself the mother of twenty children, and entertains confident expectations of beating the old lady's remarkable record

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Putting her foot in it Fashionable lady—'Now, *this* is about the worst daub of the whole collection" Distinguished academician (of whose artistic profession his fair companion is ignorant)—'I am sorry you should think so, for it is mine" Fashionable lady—'You don't mean to say that you bought *that*" Distinguished academician—'No, but I painted it" Fashionable lady—'Oh, oh! I *am* so sorry, but you really must not mind what I say, for I am no critic at *all*. I—I only repeat what *everybody* says, you know—a—.'—*London Punch.*

To the familiar story of the bullet-proof Bible a gentleman living in Brennan, Texas, makes a singular addition. He was engaged as an orderly sergeant in the battle of Seven Pines, and carried in a pocket, besides the Bible which saved his own life, a roll-book of his company. Through this roll-book the bullet which the Bible eventually stopped made its way, and every man whose name was struck by the ball in its passage was either killed or wounded. This story unquestionably beats the record, and throws out a saucy challenge to every veteran in the land.

It used to be considered a wonderful thing to engrave the Lord's Prayer on a three-cent piece. At the last meeting of the San Francisco Microscopical Society the president exhibited an engraving upon a glass plate of the Lord's Prayer so minutely executed that on the same scale nine copies of the entire Bible could be produced within the space of a square inch.

The following beautiful verse is from the pen of Charles Dickens, entitled "Inmortal Influence"

The pure, the bright, the beautiful,
That stirred our hearts in youth,
The impulse of a wordless prayer,
The dream of love and truth,
The longings after something lost,
The spirits yearning cry,
The strivings after better hopes,
These things shall never die.

The present fashion of belt bouquets *waist* a great many flowers.

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Bucks County Gazette:

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.

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Thursday, July 13, 1882.

Republican Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GENERAL JAMES A. BEAVER,
Of Centre County.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM T DAVIES,
Of Bradford County.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE,
Of Philadelphia.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER,
Of Butler County.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS,
Of Lancaster County.

CONCILIATION.

The Republican State Committee have met and adjourned. They have decided that the policy of conciliation should be adopted at this juncture. They have conceded all that the faction of Independent Republicans could reasonably ask, and it is soon to be made apparent whether the so-called Reformers are Republicans at heart, or whether they have stirred up a rebellion in the party in order to ride upon the top wave into notoriety. If they accept any of the propositions offered, they will show a willingness to aid in the triumph of Republicanism over its opponents if they reject them, they will by that act confess that their object has been to divide and destroy the party, and to pass the State government into Democratic hands.

Whichever motive has actuated the leaders of the rebellious faction, the people can now see that the Regular Republican organization has done all that any party could do to satisfy the people that the cry of "bossism," "machine politics," "Cameronism," and all like twaddle, existed more in the imagination than in the reality.

Whether the action taken by the committee yesterday was a wise one or not, it is hardly necessary to discuss They did all that any honorable course would permit, to have done more would have been a humiliation that no one could properly demand. If it hereafter becomes apparent that concessions were only demanded in order to be repudiated, the members of the Republican party of the State of Pennsylvania will show such a strength at the polls that would be leaders who hoped to jump from obscurity into public favor will be astonished at the briefness of their career.

The situation to-day shows that the success of the Republican party is assured whether the offers made are accepted or rejected. If accepted, the party will be again united, if rejected, but a handful of men will follow the lead of Wharton Barker and the rest in their endeavor to deliver the State into the management of the Democracy.

—The causes which have reduced the Democracy of Maine from a party with 60,000 votes to a mere side show for the Greenback circus, are discussed by a Portland correspondent of the Boston *Herald*. Of the party's prospects in the present campaign, he says "The simple truth is, the Democratic party in Maine has no heart, no conscience, no courage—and this latter deficiency is the worst of all. Nobody can go to Maine to-day and find among the party leaders one who looks for, or even hopes for, success in September. Why else did Sam Anderson, the strongest and cleanest of them all (leaving his war record out of the account, as it is everywhere left out nowadays), why else did he decline to run for Congress again? Because he was a hard money man on a soft money platform, and had no enthusiasm for the fight in that body of his which used to hold an enthusiastic soul It is well enough to argue, as he does, that the other fellows have all the money and are bound to win, but men who have heart in their work don't want to count chances. They go in for a fight. The top-heavy Democracy of Maine have no stomach for a fight."

—The British ironclads bombarded the fortifications at Alexandria, Egypt, on Tuesday, from 7 A. M. till 6.50 P. M., and all the forts except one or two were silenced, the number of casualties on the British side were five killed and forty wounded, the loss on the Egyptian side is not known On Wednesday the bombardment was resumed, before noon a flag of truce was hoisted on the Arsenal at Alexandria, and it is reported that the Egyptian troops have evacuated the town.

—The practicability of running cheap cabs is shown in Hartford, where hackmen are prohibited by law from charging more than twenty-five cents for each person within an area measuring about two miles across. Formerly the charges were double this or more, but the amount of cab riding has increased to such an extent that the hackmen make more money, or can if they wish to, than they did before. Many persons ride in cabs now who never thought of doing it formerly.

—The Texas Democrats are anxious for a joint discussion between General Weaver, the Greenback leader, and some representative of their own party. They proposed a meeting between Weaver and ex-Governor Throckmorton, who is now running for Congress, but no arrangement could be made in regard to terms. General Weaver draws large audiences, and his success is evidently giving the Democrats some alarm.

—When General Beaver was in Phœnixville last week he "answered a fool according to his folly." An Independent told him he had called to see his Chicago medal. The General showed the stump of his leg and said "There's my medal."

—The Attorney General of Tennessee decides that the matrimonial associations of that State are benevolent, not insurance organizations, and are therefore not amenable to its insurance laws.

THE REAL FRIENDS OF PROTECTION.

It is the common plea of those who are directly or indirectly aiding to bring about a Democratic triumph in Pennsylvania, that a Democratic victory in this State cannot in any way affect the tariff, as the Democrats are as good Tariff men as the Republicans, and that Tariff will be as safe in their hands as in ours. Even they say, if a majority of the delegation in Congress from Pennsylvania should be Democrats, their election can, in no way, imperil the safety of Protection.

To some, this may seem plausible, but when carefully examined, it has not the merit even of plausibility.

The difference between the Republican and Democratic parties, stated broadly is this That while the mass of the Republican party is for protection, with here and there an occasional Free Trader, the mass of the Democratic party is for Free Trade with here and there an occasional Protectionist, as in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New England. The Republican Congressman, therefore, who is a protectionist, has his party behind him to back him up and sustain him, and the Republican Congressman who is a Free Trader, has his party against him with the effect to render him nearly powerless. The Democratic Congressman, on the contrary, who is a protectionist, has his party, with its organization, its caucuses, its power and its influence allayed against him, and he is as powerless in his party for good on the tariff question, as the Free Trader in the Republican ranks is for evil. Each is permitted for party reasons to differ from his political associates on that question, but each is without influence in his isolated condition.

Now, while it is true that a Pennsylvania Democrat in Congress feels compelled by the force of public sentiment at home to vote in favor of Protection, when occasion offers, it is equally true that he is not allowed to shape, or aid in shaping, the policy of his party on the tariff, and all the force he has to wield or can wield, is his vote on the final passage of revenue bills. The only force he can co-operate with, is that to be found in the Republican ranks, and as, in so co-operating, he loses political caste in his own ranks, he is naturally unwilling to be found working with Republicans unless when driven to do it by the stern necessity of keeping his Tariff record clear.

An instance of the total inability of Pennsylvania Democrats in Congress to maintain effectively, their assumed position as Protectionists, is furnished by the Forty-fourth Congress. That Congress, as is well known was largely Democratic. In the Democratic caucus to nominate a Speaker, there were two candidates, Kerr of Indiana, an avowed Free Trader, and Randall of Pa, a nominal protectionist. The Democratic members from Pennsylvania supported Randall, but they were utterly helpless and were outnumbered in that Caucus. The Free Traders rallied around Kerr and nominated him.

What did the Pennsylvania Democratic members do in that emergency? They knew as every one else knew, that the Speaker would appoint all the committees, that the committee shape and control the legislation of the House, that a Free Trade Speaker would appoint a free trade committee of Ways and Means, and to vote for such a man for Speaker, was to put all the power of the House into the hands of the enemies of protection. Yet, with this fact staring them in the face, and with the full knowledge that they were in effect, playing into the hands of the Free Trader by so doing, they, *every one, without flinching or balking, voted in the House for Kerr*, and voluntarily placed in his hands the power to shape the Legislation of the House in favor of Free Trade

A vote for Kerr in this case, was practically a vote for Free Trade. The Pennsylvania Democrats in that Congress, professed to be Tariff men, just as they profess to be now, but they were Democrats, and they had to follow the lead of their organization. In the next Congress. If it is Democratic, they will have to do the same thing, and when the legislation of the House is shaped in favor of Free Trade through their agency and by their aid, they will have the poor privilege of voting against the legislation they have aided to frame. The real bulwark against free trade, will be, in that case, the Republican phalanx, and not the few scattering votes from the Democratic side.

Every one who has watched legislation at Washington closely knows that there are many occasions in which a member is called on to vote, besides those in which the yeas and nays are taken. When in committee of the whole, when all Tariff legislation is considered, there can be no yea or nay vote, and the same is true when the House merely divides without a call for the yeas and nays. In nearly all cases, where there be no record of votes, it has been noticed by observant men, that the Democrats, professing to Tariff men, frequently either do not vote, or vote directly with the Free Traders. There is abundant opportunity in this way, to keep up their status in their own party, without being liable to be called to account for it by their constituents at home.

The fact is, they are, at least most of them, Tariff men only because they had to be, not from conviction. They are not at heart devoted to the principle of protection. They know that their party lost caste with their colleagues by voting against them. To put the fate of Tariff into the hands of such men is to put it into the hands of lukewarm, and utterly inefficient men. Pennsylvania will be betrayed and deceived if she trusts to such a broken reed as this. The only salvation for Pennsylvania interests is to place them in the hands of her real, tried and true friends—men who belong to a party, which *believes* in Protection. That party is the Republican party; and any thing which tends to the defeat of that party, and to keep its representatives out of Congress, tends to the defeat of Protection and to the destruction of our home industries.

The conclusion to be drawn from these facts is. Do not trust the cause of Protection in the hands of men who belong to a party known to be hostile to it.

"THE DAYLIGHT DAWNS."

The Philadelphia *Press* at last can find no further excuse for dillydallying with the Independent movement. The conciliatory course adopted by the regular Republican Committee yesterday and the manly letter of the candidates, removes all ground for farther opposition. Upon the decision of the Independents rests the responsibility of showing whether they are Republicans at heart or whether they are working merely for the disruption of the Republican party The "Daylight Dawns" upon the *Press* as follows

The Republican State Committee, we rejoice to say, met its duty in a wise and honorable spirit. With great unanimity, after frank discussion, it adopted broad measures for peace and harmony. The patriotic course of General Beaver and his associates happily prepared the way. In a manly and chivalrous letter, declaring their earnest desire for the reunion and success of the Republican party, they released the committee from all obligation to themselves, and urged it to seek a just settlement of Republican differences With this freedom, the committee proceeded to broad and comprehensive action.

It offers to the Independent Republican candidates and committee three alternative propositions. The first is the submission of the Beaver and Stewart tickets to a vote of the Republican electors at primaries. The second is the selection of the candidates of the party without limit by a popular vote of all Republicans, practically under the Crawford county system of a direct nomination by the people. The third is a new State Convention to be held on the 23d of August, under the new rules adopted by the Continental Peace Conference, and under the regulations and apportionment of a committee consisting of Judge Agnew, Hampton L. Carson and Francis B. Reeves.

The first two propositions, however fair in spirit and in essence, could not be satisfactorily carried out because of practical obstacles which need not here be discussed, and for this reason they cannot be entertained. The third proposition is of a different character. We are bound in all frankness to say that it is fair, feasible and honorable—fair, because it relegates the whole question to the judgment and will of the Republican masses, feasible, because there is no difficulty in its practical operation, honorable, because it establishes popular rule and involves no humiliation of either element but places them on an equal footing in a just appeal to the highest tribunal of party action. In its details this measure embraces very large concessions It provides that the new convention shall be elected, not even under the new rules of the Harrisburg Convention, but under the still broader and better rules of the Continental Peace Conference. These rules not only require the election of all delegates by popular conventions—never by county committees—but base the representation upon the Republican vote. To adopt this plan would necessitate a new apportionment, and the proposition entrusts this duty, together with all other arrangements, to a committee consisting of two avowed Independents and one other who is as independent and upright as any man in the State. Ex-Chief Justice Agnew is eminently worthy of confidence. Mr. Reeves is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred, and Mr Carson was last fall the Independent Republican candidate for City Commissioner, and is one of the most prominent representatives of the Independent Republican cause.

Such is the proposition in its terms and such is its character. The prescribed regulations guarantee popular rule if the people choose to exercise their unchallenged right; the designated Committee guarantees fairness and protection in the machinery of the election, the very nature and circumstances of the Convention will, be believe, assure free action and a free party. The measure is broad and fair. It is as much as the State Committee could be expected to offer. Rightly followed up, it opens wide the door for the harmony and success of the party. The Independent Republican representatives will make a grave mistake if they do not treat it with the same fairness with which it is proffered. In our judgment they should receive it as made in entire good faith and entertain it in the same honorable and Republican spirit. Representatives are nothing without constituencies, and it is of the highest importance that any action taken shall carry the honest Independent Republican masses. There are thousands of Republicans who have halted and waited to see whether reason and harmony would prevail. They will recognize this proposition as showing a fair and reasonable purpose, and will hold that it should be accepted. There are others who may be led to regard it with suspicion and who will be told by the enemies who seek to keep the party divided that it is delusive and hollow. But we believe that the appeal can be made to this element with full confidence in the result We have strong faith that the new Convention called in this way, elected under these auspices and with its manifest obligations, will meet the just demands of public sentiment, and thoroughly unite the party.

The *Press*, it need not be said, welcomes the brightening prospect. It is deeply anxious that the Republican party of Pennsylvania shall be saved and shall be made worth saving. It belives that the best hopes and aspirations of the country, in the future as in the past, are bound up with the regeneration and continued ascendance of the party of Lincoln and Garfield It has earnestly labored to promote the union of the Republican elements on the broadest and highest basis which is essential to success. And it will rejoice, as all patriot Republicans will rejoice, when Republicans, relieved from the necessity of pleading with each other, can train their guns on the common foe, and march forward side by side to a Republican victory.

—One of the Congressional districts in Texas is said to be larger than the States of Mississippi and Alabama combined.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION MEETING.

At a meeting of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, held yesterday, at the rooms of the Young Republican Club, corner of 12th and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, at 11 o'clock, Hon. Thomas V. Cooper, chairman, and Joseph Add. Thompson, Delaware county, and Henry Huhn, Philadelphia county, acting as secretaries. The roll of members was called and 97 members out of a total of 102, answered their names.

On motion a committee of two was appointed to wait upon the candidates of the Republican party and invite their presence with the committee. The chair appointed Messrs. David Taggart of Northumberland and Edmund G. Harrison of Bucks said committee.

The chair submitted a communication from the Young Republican Association of Philadelphia, which was read at length and laid upon the table.

General Negley offered the following resolution

Resolved, That the chairman be authorized to appoint an executive committee of ten members to aid him in the coming canvass.

Adopted.

The chair announced Gen. James S. Negley of Pittsburg, Horace A. Heale of Chester county, George H. Mehaffey of Lancaster, S. Newton Pettis of Crawford, Isaiah Weir of Philadelphia and Michael Schall of York as said committee.

On motion of General Negley the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee on finance, said committee to be selected from persons within or without the State Committee, at the discretion of the chair.

Colonel David Taggart of Northumberland, chairman of the committee to wait upon candidates, submitted a written communication from the candidates, which was read as follows

PHILADELPHIA, July 12, 1882.

Hon. Thos. V. Cooper, Chairman Republican State Committee

SIR Your committee has been charged by the representatives of the Republican party of Pennsylvania in convention assembled on the 21st of June ultimo with the duty of using all honorable means to secure the united and harmonious action of the party.

This duty should in our opinion be carefully considered and faithfully discharged. We have no desire to limit your committee in any way in the discharge of that duty by setting up any fancy claim of vested rights arising out of the nomination which have been severally conferred upon us by the convention which assembled at Harrisburg on the 10th of May last, and at its reassembling in the same place on the 21st ult, therein before referred to.

We deem the harmony and success of the Republican party of infinitely greater moment than the individual preferment of any of us The party cannot afford to appear to be wrong in the estimation of any considerable portion of its honest followers and faithful supporters. If our nomination did not at the time it was made fully and fairly represent the wishes of the majority of the Republican party in Pennsylvania, or if any of us have since that nomination ceased to represent the popular will we are not only desirous but anxious that the proper remedy be applied by our committee under the authority vested in it by the convention. We therefore hereby severally authorize your committee to submit our candidacy and the candidacy of each of us to such popular tests as will in the judgment of its members clearly indicate the popular will in the premises and secure the co-operation of all who really desire Republican harmony and success, whether by primary elections, a new convention, or otherwise, pledging our hearty co-operation in carrying out to practical results any plan which may be adopted in its wisdom and the unqualified support of our candidates, which may be chosen to represent the Republican party,

We have the honor to be with great respect, your obedient servants.

JAMES A. BEAVER,
WM. HENRY RAWLE,
W. T. DAVIES,
JOHN M. GREER,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS.

This communication was read at length, and whereupon the Hon. S. Newton Pettis of Crawford county offered the following preamble and resolutions

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Harrisburg convention of June 21, authorizing the Republican State Committee to use all honorable means to put harmony in the party, the said committee acting in conjunction with the Republican candidates on the State ticket, respectfully submits to the State Committee and candidates of the Independents the following propositions

1. The tickets headed by James A. Beaver and John Stewart respectively be submitted to a vote of the Republican electors of the State at primaries, as hereinafter provided for.

2. The selection of candidates to be voted for by the Republican party in November be submitted as aforesaid, every Republican elector constitutionally and legally qualified to be eligible to nomination.

3. A State Convention to be held, to be constituted as recommended by the Continental Hotel conference, whereof Wharton Barker was chairman and Francis B. Reeves secretary, to select candidates to be voted for by the Republican party in November, its choice to be limited to the candidates now in nomination, or unlimited, as the Independent State Committee may prefer. The primaries or convention referred to in the foregoing proposition, to be held on or before the 4th Wednesday of August next under regulations or appointments to be made by Daniel Agnew, Hampton L. Carson and Francis B. Reeves, not in conflict, however, with the act of Assembly regulating primary elections, and the candidates receiving the highest popular vote or the votes of a majority of the members of the convention to receive the united support of the party.

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Republican State Committee the above propositions fully carry out in letter and spirit the resolutions passed by the Harrisburg convention, June 21, and that we hereby pledge the State Committee to carry out in good faith any one of the foregoing propositions which may be accepted.

Resolved, That the chairman of the Republican State Committee be directed to forward an official copy of the proceedings of this meeting, together with the foregoing proposition, to the Independent State Committee and candidates, whereupon General Reeder of Northampton moved to amend by adding a fourth proposition, as follows

4. A State Convention to be held, to be constituted as provided for by the new rules adopted by the late Republican State Convention, to select candidates to be voted for by the Republican party in November provided, if such convention be agreed to said convention shall be held not later than the fourth Wednesday in August, which amendment was agreed to and the preamble and resolutions were agreed to.

On motion, the Executive Committee in connection with the chairman, were authorized to arrange all details connected with the propositions not covered by the resolutions as adopted.

The committee then adjourned at the call of the chair.

PRAYER CURES.

An editorial in last Monday's *Record*, taking the case of Miss Bewley of this place as a text, argues that cures effected by prayer are not of a supernatural origin but can be accounted for on physical grounds. The editorial, after mentioning the case of Miss Bewley, says

It will be assumed by many people that this so-called cure is due to a direct interposition of Providence in reply to the supplications of the patient's friends, while, on the other hand, there will be many who will scornfully reject the idea that the prayers had anything whatever to do with the cure. Probably both are wrong. It is no uncommon thing to find patients, particularly women, who take to their beds on the least occasion. They are lacking in energy, resolution and pluck. Every toe ache passes for inflammatory rheumatism, every stitch in the side for heart disease, and every pin-boil for a cancer. They magnify their ailments until their physical weaknesses outgrow their power to combat them, gradually they give way to the enemy, until they occupy their beds most of the time. It naturally follows that the longer they stay in bed the more they increase what illness they really have. Nature has no chance, and physicians are often unable to cure a disease that would have little existence but for the habits of the patient. When this condition has lasted as long as sixteen years it is not unreasonable that the bedridden person should be regarded as permanently diseased. He or she acquiesces in the general opinion, and either pins faith to successive indifferent, ignorant or unprincipled physicians or else discharges the doctors in a kind of despair. Many of these lymphatic people remain in this condition until old age others die earlier owing to their confinement and lack of vitality, some are cured by physicians who have not only the ability to recognize the real difficulty but the tact to get their patient out of it an exceptional few are restored by some sudden physical or mental shock, which develops the will-power sufficiently to overpower the paralyzing fatalism of their minds, and, finally, here and there is found a case where the energizing principle comes from within. These last are of the kind usually called prayer and vision cures, or miracles The mind is moved by an unwonted and overmastering impulse, and the lethargy of the previous years is sufficiently broken to induce the bedridden one to make an attempt at walking. Practically that is all that has been needed at any time, but the inciting cause has been lacking. As soon as it is produced the cure is perfected, not through any direct physical change, but through the will. Evidently to call such a cure a miracle is a misnomer. It is the result of prayer by the change wrought in the patient's faith, energy and determination, but the prayer did not give the power to walk, it only gave the person confidence that walking was possible.

Although, therefore, the supernatural elements of such cures may be disregarded, it would be unjust to refuse credit to the power of prayer. Very often the people who have become too helpless to make any struggle toward improved health cannot be reached by any ordinary argument or advice. As indicated by their conduct, their minds are rarely capable of strong, healthy action, and they are likely to be of the emotional rather than the reasoning type Their emotions generally misguide them into the belief that there is no use in trying to get well. But once place them under religious excitement, and allow the fervor of religious faith to work in their minds, and their mental capacity for action is greatly increased. They are then readily susceptible to the prayer cure, and the prayers are entitled to the full glory of the result. While the idea that a special dispensation has been accorded in response to prayer may be entirely erroneous, therefore it would be equally unjust not to give to the prayers the credit of curing the patient by reflex action on the patient's mind. There are very many instances where other results have been achieved by prayer exactly in the same manner, and as an encouragement to manly and energetic action there is no doubt that prayer has a much wider influence than is generally supposed. But direct miracles as the result of prayer do not find many believers nowadays, and the claims set up for the recognition of such affairs as miracles usually do more harm than good.

BAY CITY, Mich., Feb. 3, 1880.
I think it my duty to send you a recommend for the benefit of any person wishing to know whether Hop Bitters are good or not. I know they are good for general debility and indigestion, strengthen the nervous system and make new life. I recommend my patients to use them.
DR. A. PRATT.

GENERAL BEAVER AT CHICAGO.

The following letter from a brother of Prof. Joseph Shortlidge, of Concordville, Delaware county, shows that Gen. Beaver did not betray his constituents at Chicago, as has been asserted;

To the Editor of the Press—SIR When the Republican Committee of Centre county met to elect delegates to the Harrisburg Convention which was to select delegates to the National Convention at Chicago in 1880, there was no misunderstanding as to Gen. Beaver's position. In the first place, Centre county, by rotation, was entitled to a delegate in the National Convention. This being understood. it was generally conceded by all Republicans that Gen. Beaver was our representative man, and would best serve the interests of the party. I was a member of the committee, and a Blaine man. Prior to the meeting of the Committee I called upon Gen. Beaver, and stated to him that I believed that it was the desire of the Republicans of our county that he should represent us at Chicago, and asked him for whom he would vote in the event of his appointment as delegate to Chicago. He replied "I will vote for Gen. Grant. I will not go back on my old commander. In the event that Gen. Grant shall be withdraw or cease to be a candidate before a nomination shall have been made, I will vote for James G. Blaine." Before the delegates were elected to the Harrisburg Convention I stated to a caucus of the Blaine members of the County Committee the above conversation with Gen. Beaver. We did not believe that Grant would be a formidable candidate before the Chicago Convention, and being anxious to serve Gen. Beaver we concluded we would give him the support of his own county and send Beaver delegates to the State Convention unmstructed. I was at that time, as I am now, a Blaine man. Last year I voted for Mr. Wolfe, but I believe Gen. Beaver is the choice of the great mass of the Republicans of Pennsylvania, and was fairly nominated by them, and I am unequivocally and enthusiastically in favor of him for Governor, and I assert that, the statement, that he in any way betrayed his constituents at Chicago is unqualifiedly false. Yours truly,
WILLIAM SHORTLIDGE.
Bellefonte, Pa., June 7, 1882.

—Two pilgrims from the Holy Land applied for lodgings at a Chicago police station last Sunday evening. Each wore short trousers and upon his head an Arab fez The elder of the two, a man of venerable appearance, said in broken English that they were from Jerusalem, and that they were on their way to see Archbishop Feehan. They understood very little English, but when the name Mahomet was spoken they crossed themselves and exclaimed in unison "He bad man." They then refused to talk further

"Rough on Rats."
Clears out rats mice roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers 15c. Druggists.

—The National Board of Health is advised that no case of yellow or suspicious fever has occurred in New Orleans since the fatal case reported on the 26th ult.

☞"When I publicly testified that I had been cured of a terrible skin humor by the Cuticura Remedies, I did so that others might be cured, and do not regret the time given to answering inquiries." *Hon. William Taylor, Boston.*

—Kollo, the man who killed the blind tramp near Quakertown, has been pardoned by the Pardon Board

☞GRATEFUL TO INVALIDS.—Florestan Cologne is grateful to invalids, as it is refreshing without the sickening effect of most perfumes

☞Try the Girard Ready Mixed Paint, all shades, at Douglas' Pharmacy, Dorrance street.

☞Pursell's Porous Plasters are the best.

☞All Patent Medicines at Peters' Drug Store.

☞There is no use in drugging yourself to death, and buying all the vile medicines for internal use when you can be cured of fever and ague, dumb ague, billious disorders, jaundice, dyspepsia as well as all disorders and ailments of the liver, blood and stomach, by wearing one of Prof. Guilmette's French Liver Pads, which is a sure cure every time. If your druggist does not keep the pad, send $1 50 in a letter to French Pad Co., Toledo, O., and it will be sent you by return mail. It is the only Pad that is guaranteed to cure. Beware of counterfeits. H. G. Peters agent, Bristol, Pa.

MINERAL PLATE TEETH.
G. W. ADAMS, Dentist,
Bristol, Pa.
Office hours, 8 to 4 (Out on Second-day)

THE INVALUABLE DOMESTIC REMEDY!
PHÉNOL SODIQUE.
Proprietors: ABBOTT BROTHERS & WHITE, Philadelphia.
Invaluable as an astringent and styptic application in HEMORRHAGES, as after EXTRACTION of TEETH, and to prevent subsequent soreness of the gums; as a wash for the mouth, in cases of DISEASED GUMS or APHTHOUS conditions, or to DISINFECT an OFFENSIVE BREATH; as a gargle in THROAT AFFECTIONS, SCARLATINA, DIPHTHERIA, as an application in PARASITIC AFFECTIONS and ERUPTIVE DISEASES, and as an injection for all abnormal discharges and FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE DEALERS.

Back Ache
POSITIVELY CURED BY
Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters.
Reasons Why they are Preferred to All Other Porous Plasters or External Remedies:
First.
Because they possess all the merit of the strengthening porous plaster, and contain in addition thereto the newly discovered powerful and active vegetable combination which acts with increased rubefacient, stimulating, sedative and counter irritant effects.
Second.
Because they are a genuine pharmaceutical preparation, and so recognized by the profession.
Third.
Because they are the only plasters that relieve pain at once.
Fourth.
Because they will positively cure diseases which other remedies will not even relieve.
Fifth.
Because over 8000 physicians and druggists have voluntarily testified that they are superior to all other plasters or medicines for external use.
Sixth.
Because the manufacturers have received the only medals ever given for porous plasters.
Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster!
SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Manufacturing Chemists, New York.
A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 50cts.
MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

MISCELLANEOUS

A Passing Word.

Anything that can reasonably be asked for in summer clothing for men and boys awaits you at Oak Hall. The prices on both thin stuffs and woolens are fixed or readjusted on the scheme of our last month's upset sale.

Wanamaker & Brown.

OAK HALL, Sixth and Market, Philadelphia.

Although our DRY GOODS SALES have reached beyond anything we have ever had before, yet
MID-SUMMER
finds us still with a very large stock on hand, all of which can be bought at very much lower prices than when first introduced.

FINE BLACK DRESS GOODS IN LARGE VARIETY.

ELEGANT QUALITY BLACK SILK,
At $1.25 per yard.
Good at still lower prices.
All wool Grenadines, Zerlina and Lace Buntings.

NUN'S VEILING
In all the variety of shades, from the palest tints to the darkest coloring, from 25c. to 65c. per yard

LACE BUNTINGS
All colorings, at 12½c. per yard.

LAWNS! LAWNS! LAWNS!
All reduced from 12½c. to 10c. per yard

I have just opened quite a line of
SCOTCH GINGHAMS,
which I am offering at 20c. per yard The same goods we opened in the Spring at 28c. per yard.

Also a full line of
SATTEEN FOULARDS,
Price 12½c. per yard. Very desirable Summer Fabrics. The colorings are beautiful, and compare favorably with the French Satteens at 50 and 60 cents yard

GAUZE UNDERWEAR!
GAUZE UNDERWEAR!
For ladies', gents' and children, from a very low price to fine Balbriggan goods.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
GLOVES, TIES, CUFFS, AND COLLARS.

I have just added to our varied assortment a line of
FINE SHOES.
Although we have always kept Shoes, they have been of the coarser grades, but now our assortment takes in all grades.

J. Wesley Wright's,
CANAL BRIDGE,
MILL STREET,
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J. T. DUNCAN
HAS OPENED THE LARGEST STOCK AND THE GREATEST VARIETY OF
DRY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
LADIES AND GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS
IN BRISTOL WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT THE LOWEST PRICES FOR THE READY PAY
☞Positively no goods sold on credit, and consequently no extra profits to make up for bad debts
CALL AND INSPECT THE NEW STORE, AT
J. H. Wood's Old Stand.
J. T. DUNCAN.



C. F. MERTZ
BAKER,
corner Washington and Pond Sts, has just opened a Bread, Cake and Pie Bakery, where you will always find a large assortment of all kinds of Cakes and Pies also Bread of a superior quality and larger size than elsewhere. Give him a call

THE HOUSEHOLD SEWING MACHINE
Has All the Latest Improvements!
IS the lightest running, most reliable and cheapest manufactured. For beauty and simplicity it cannot be surpassed. For sale by
MRS. E. MITCHELL,
CEDAR ST, BETWEEN MULBERRY AND WALNUT, BRISTOL, PA

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ITS EIGHTH YEAR BEGINS SEPT. 13th.
Course of study thorough and practical. To scholars completing the Musical course which under Miss E. J. Swain, is fully equal to that of the Philadelphia Conservatory, (especial) diplomas will be awarded. French and Latin taught by a native teacher.
Address,
MISS A. MERRIAM, Bristol, Pa.

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COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION
NITROUS OXIDE GAS.
DR. THOMAS makes a specialty of extracting teeth absolutely without pain by the aid of Nitrous Oxide. Over 80,000 persons have successfully inhaled the gas at his office
912 Walnut Street, (South Side), Philadelphia

BARGAINS!
BARGAINS! BARGAINS
I have several lines of goods that I wish to close out, not desiring to keep them in the future A lot of
BOOKS,
in good condition and desirable, will be sold at a great sacrifice.
CHILDREN'S TOYS,
ENGRAVINGS,
CHROMOS, FRAMES,
BRACKETS, BASKETS,
SCHOOL-BOOKS,
and a lot of useful and ornamental articles All will be closed out at cost and many things at a great sacrifice to make room for something else.
Drop in and ask the prices and see the goods
J. H. BOSTWICK

NOTICE!
J. H. Bostwick
Has resumed work at
HIS GALLERY,
COR. MILL & POND STREETS.
NEW STYLES OF PICTURES
will be made to keep up with the improvements of the times Prompt attention to business and prompt delivery of pictures will be observed.

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Interest six per cent., payable quarterly Send address by postal, for circular giving particulars
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BRISTOL STOVE HOUSE,
Corner of Radcliffe and Market Streets,
Opposite Post Office.
DEPOT FOR MILK CANS
STOVES,
Custom Made TIN WARE, 8 and 10 cents goods, &c, &c.
TIN ROOFING
done at the lowest prices for cash. Ordered work in TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER, ZINC, promptly attended to Satisfaction Guaranteed. Give me a Call
THOMAS BARNARD.

NOTICE!
W. GRACE,
DEALER IN
WALL PAPERS AND WINDOW SHADES
Would call the attention of the people of Bristol and vicinity to his large stock of WALL PAPERS and WINDOW SHADES Having added largely to his stock of Gold Ground, and many other grades of PAPER HANGINGS, ranging in price from 6c to $2 50 per piece
Window Shades
ready made, or made to order, from 50c. to $3 00
W. GRACE,
76 Mill Street, Bristol Pa.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE,
RE-OPENING IN RESTORED BUILDING.
Both sexes admitted College and Preparatory School Under care of Members of the Society of Friends The main building destroyed by fire 5th month last, has been completely rebuilt, enlarged, and fitted up with all conveniences Thorough instruction in Languages, Literature, Mathematics, and the Sciences New Scientific Building containing Laboratories, Drafting Rooms, Machine Shops and all appliances for pursuing a thorough course in Chemistry Mechanical and civil Engineering The next term opens 8th mo (Sept) 12th Apply early, as other things being equal, places will be given the earliest applicants
For full particulars, address EDWARD H MAGILL, President, Swarthmore College, Delaware County, Pa

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MANUFACTURER OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, SHUTTERS AND FRAMES,
Siding and Flooring,
MOULDINGS AND BRACKETS,
IN EVERY VARIETY
Mill—Dorrance St., West of Railroad.
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CARPETS
Washed and Scoured
½GRAIN CARPETS, 5 cents per yard.
BRUSSELS CARPETS, 6 cents per yard.
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At J. Milnor's Store,
Corner of Wood and Washington Streets,
BRISTOL, PA.,
Can always be found a full line of
Fine Groceries and Provisions,
consisting in part of
DRIED BEEF, PREPARED HAM, BUTTER, LARD, TEAS and COFFEE, and almost everything in the Grocery Line.

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FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Effected at reasonable rates in good Companies.
Property rented and sold.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage in convenient amounts
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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Foot of Pond Street, Bristol, Pa.
KALSOMINING AND FRESCOING
A Speciality.
Estimates furnished and all orders promptly attended to.

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PHILADELPHIA
A full assortment of Umbrellas.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Bucks County Gazette.

Thursday, July 13, 1882.

Entered at the Bristol Post Office as second class matter.

BRISTOL POST OFFICE.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK—Arrives 7.00 and 11.15 A. M., and 7.15 P. M. Closes 8.00 and 11.15 A. M., 4.00 and 6.40 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA—Arrives 7.00 and 8.45 A. M., and 4.00, 5.00 and 8.00 P. M. Closes 5.45 and 10.15 A. M., 4.30 and 6.30 P. M.
DOYLESTOWN, NEWTOWN, &c.—Arrives 11.30 A. M. Closes 12.00 M.
OXFORD VALLEY, FALLSINGTON AND EMILIE—Arrives 10.00 A. M. Closes 11.30 A. M.
BELVIDERE, TULLYTOWN, PENN VALLEY AND MORRISVILLE—Arrives 4.00 P. M. Closes 7.55 A. M.
TRENTON — Arrives 10.00 A. M. and 4.00 and 7.30 P. M. Closes 8.00 A. M., and 4.00 and 6.40 P. M.
WESTERN—Arrives 10.00 A. M.
Mails for the West and South go by every Philadelphia mail.
Last direct mail for New York City closes at 6.40.
W. B. BAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.—For Kensington Depot, 6.51, 7.3, 8.21, and 9.41 A. M., 12.51, 3.21, 4.11, 6.16, and 7.01 P.M. Sundays.—12.25, 5.24 P.M.
For Broad Street Station.—2.46, 5.35, 6.30, 6.51, 7.3, 7.50, 8.21, 9.41, 10.47, A. M., 12.51, 1.33, 2.52, 3.04, 3.21, 4.11, 6.16, 7.04, 7.20, 7.31, 9.29, 11.15 P.M. Sundays—2.46, 9.00, A.M., 12.25, 5.24, 6.04, 7.15, 9.28 P.M.
FROM PHILADELPHIA – From Kensington Depot, 6.35, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10, A. M., 2.10, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, and 6.15, P. M. Sundays—9.00, A. M., 2.15 P. M.
From Broad Street Station.—12.01 Night, 6.15, 6.50, 7.3, 8.30, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 12.01 Noon, 2.00, 3.26, 4.00, 5.00, 5.26, 6.00, 6.02, 6.35, 7.30, 8.00, and 8.45 P. M. Sundays.—7.45, 8.30, and 8.45 A. M., 2.00, 6.00, and 8.00 P. M.
FOR TRENTON.—12.54, 7.28, 8.22, 9.16, 11.00, 11.44 A. M., 12.48, 3.01, 4.19, 5.17, 5.36, 6.27, 6.43, 7.29, 8.36, 9.4 P. M. Sundays.—0.10, 9.49 A.M., 3.00, P.M.
FROM TRENTON.—2.25, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.20, 10.28 A. M., 12.30, 1.15, 2.35, 2.48, 3.00, 3.50, 5.55, 6.47, 7.03, 7.10, 9.05, 10.57 P.M. Sundays.—12.01, 5.00, 5.47 P.M.
FOR NEW YORK —12.54, 7.28, 9.16, 11.44 A. M., 5.36, 6.4, 8.36 P. M. Sundays—9.16 A.M.
FROM NEW YORK.—12.00, 8.30, 11.10 A. M., 1.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 P. M. Sundays—10.00 A. M., 4.00 and 7.00 P. M., and 12.00 night.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLE.

COLUMBIA —For Philadelphia, 7.00 A. M., 4.00 P.M.
" From Philadelphia, 2.00 P. M., 6.00 P.M.
TWILIGHT.—For Philadelphia, 9½ A. M. and 5 P. M.
" From Philadelphia, 7 A. M. and 3 P. M.
GEM —For Philadelphia, 8.00 A. M.
From Philadelphia, 3 P. M.
For Bordentown, 5 P. M.
For the Time Table of the EDWIN FORREST, see the advertisement of the River Steamers

—Boarders at the Bath Spring are beginning to arrive.

—The county Treasurer received over $2,900 taxes while in Bristol.

—All the barbers, with but one exception, shut up their shops last Sunday.

—Excursion parties are frequent on the steamboats Columbia and Twilight.

—A number of camping parties have occupied Burlington Island for several days.

—H. Clay Beatty Post. G. A. G., now hold their meetings in the Red Men's building.

—The Quarterly Meeting of the A. M. E. Church was held last Sunday. The attendance was large.

—The Baptist excursion to Ocean Grove will be held on the 8th of August, instead of the 1st, as heretofore announced.

—Quite a number of Bristolians expect to attend the camp meeting at Pitman Grove this year. The meeting begins on the 1st of August.

—An organ concert in the Presbyterian Church, to be given soon after the painting and frescoing of the church is completed, is talked of.

—The Red Men of Mohican Tribe have been putting their new hall in thorough repair. It is now an attractive and pleasant place in which to hold their meetings.

—Perch fishing must be good this season. A communication states that Leavitt Fine and Gardiner Greiner caught thirteen dozen white perch one day last week.

—Capt. W. J. Jones has put up a fourteen roomed house on his lot at Ocean Grove. His daughter, Mrs. Lacy, and another lady will keep a boarding house there.

—The assistant pilot of the Columbia, John Fowler, is temporalily acting as Captain of the steamboat Wilmington during the absence of Capt. Peter Bloomsburg, whose infant child died on the 11th inst.

—The Active Base Ball Club of Bristol will play a game next Saturday with the Burlington nine, on the grounds of the latter. A number of friends of the Bristol club will go to Burlington on that day to witness the game.

—Last Sunday some of Byberry's colored population came to Bristol. In the afternoon a free fight was indulged in and after a tough battle the Byberrians were vanquished. Several of the Bristol heroes were, however, somewhat damaged in the conflict.

—It is said that a number of Italians residing in that portion of Bristol known as Laingtown, desecrated last Sabbath by openly being engaged in gambling and other amusements in the afternoon, and in the evening indulging in a dance which lasted until the wee sma' hours of Monday morning. Bristol is not metropolitan enough to permit these practices without a vigorous protest from the law abiding portion of the community.

—Misfortunes sometimes do not come singly. Harry Bailey, who a short time ago was seriously kicked in the jaw by a horse, and who has not yet fully recovered from that accident, on Tuesday last had the misfortune to break his arm. He was engaged in jumping when he fell and brought upon himself this second mishap. The arm was broken between the elbow and wrist. Dr. Groom was called upon and rendered the necessary surgical aid.

—B. F. Gilkeson, Esq., informs us that the Republican candidate for Governor, General Beaver, will spend the day with him on Tuesday, the 18th inst., and he will be pleased to have the many friends of the General call on him on that occasion. Inasmuch as the General has lost one leg, making it difficult for him to get around, he will receive his friends at Mr. Gilkeson's office from 10 to 12 A. M. General Beaver's visit is not a political one, and all without distinction of party are invited to meet him.

—To exhibit the difference between the hospital cases in Philadelphia of the last Fourth of July and that two years ago when fireworks, notwithstanding the law, were in full blaze, there was but one injured person received at the Pennsylvania Hospital to over one hundred two years ago, and about the same number in all former years. Persons in Bristol who clamor for the privilege of firing pistols and shooting crackers, &c., should ponder over these figures.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. James WRIGHT are at Asbury Park.

Mrs. T. B. BAILEY and family are at Ocean City for the season.

Miss MARY S. TOMLINSON is spending the summer at Germantown.

Mr. and Mrs. HAROLD PEIRCE arrived in Bristol last Tuesday evening.

Mr. H. A. BRADFIELD and daughter left last week for Ocean Grove.

Miss R. A. PEIRCE and Miss EDITH L. PEIRCE are at Ocean City, N. J.

Miss NELLIE NEVEGOLD is among the number of Bristolians at Ocean Grove.

Miss LAURA BOSLEY, of Baltimore, Md., is visiting Mrs. Byram C. Foster, of this place.

Miss ADA L. BROWN is enjoying the music of the waves at Ocean Grove for a few days.

Miss L. P. GRAY, a graduate of Vassar College, will be a teacher in Bristol Seminary next year.

H. K. WEAND, Esq., of Norristown, and a candidate for Congressional honors, was in Bristol last Monday

Rev. Mr. SIMONS, of Philadelphia, preached in the Methodist church last Sunday morning and evening.

CHARLES J. ESTEP, Esq., of Cadiz, Ohio, has been in town this week visiting his Ohio friends and relatives.

Mrs. Dr. H. PURSELL is spending a few weeks at Milford, N. J., at the residence of her mother, Mrs. A. N. Bartolette.

WILLIAM BUTLER, of West Chester, Pa., spent a few days this week in Bristol. He was the guest of Joseph R. Grundy.

Miss MARY BACHE who has been attending school at Portchester, New York, has returned to Bristol for the summer vacation.

Council Proceedings.

The Burgess and Council met on Monday evening in regular session. The members were all present with the exception of William H. Booz, William J. Jones and Henry Rue. The weather was warm, and the disposition to hurry through with the regular business was manifest.

The Street Committee was the only committee that had any report to make. Its report contained the information that the lamp posts on Locust and Linden streets had been replaced; that the crossings ordered at the last meeting had been laid, and the recommendation that a gas light be placed on Dorrance street, between Wood and Pond streets.

The following bills were then presented, read and passed:

Rogers Brothers	$101 90
Penna Glove Gas Light Co.,	35 00
Jesse O. Thomas,	26 50
Charles Saxton,	30 60
Simeon Brooks,	11 92
John L. Saiter,	10 00
Wm. H. Munce,	9 60
Thomas Gosline,	9 00
M. Worthington,	4 97
J. H. Baker & Co	2 85
Seth W. Booz,	2 15
Samuel Holt	2 00
Wm. H. Ackerson,	2 00
Wm. H. Scott,	2 00
M. Doan,	2 00
Joseph T. Kinsey's Est,	45
Total	$252 84

Jeremiah Kelley presented a petition asking for a remit of $5 for empounding cow. The fine was remitted.

A petition from a number of citizens, complaining of the stench arising from hog pens on Pond street, was referred to the Sanitary and Nuisance Committee.

A petition from Anthony Swain and others, asking that Radcliffe street, from Market to Walnut be put in good order, and gravelled, was referred to the Street Committee.

On motion of Charles Peirce, it was directed that the Water Company be notified to put the streets in as good condition as they found them.

On motion of James Lyndall, the attention of the Street Committee was directed to the condition of Otter street.

On motion of James Wright, the Street Committee were directed to purchase two boat loads of broken limestone for the streets.

Council then adjourned.

—The Executive Committee of the Bi-Centennial Association met in Philadelphia last Monday. It was agreed to expend a sum not exceeding $600 for the representation of the landing of William Penn. It was stated that Chester would bear one-half of the expense. The General manager said that it was expected that fully ten thousand would take part in the trade parade of October 25th. It was decided to have only one display of fireworks, to be on the evening of the 27th. A general meeting of the baker's trade was called for last night to make arrangements for their display.

—List of letters remaining in the Bristol Post Office Wednesday evening, July 12th: T. B. Bickerton, Henry L. Burton, Alexandria Burton, Robert W. Brooks, John Brelsford, Bath St.; Ellen Curran, Julia Driscoll, A. T. Eggleton, Emma England, A. S. de Freitas, John Headley, Wm. Kessler, Hattie Miller, Mrs. Augustus Meyer, John Prady, Mrs. R. P. Shoemaker, Mrs. Kate E. Waters, John Watson. Postals—David Burd, Mrs. Annie Budd, Mrs. Mary Dean and Mrs. Lizzie Johnson.

—Mr. Miller, of Philadelphia, and one of the directors of the Bristol Gas Light Company, was in Bristol last Friday night and expressed himself as much pleased with the quality of gas used here. He pronounced it as greatly superior to that obtained in Philadelphia.

—A number of soldiers of the late war met in Doylestown on Wednesday evening of last week, and discussed the feasibility of organizing a Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. A canvass will be made for the signature of soldiers wishing to join the proposed organization.

—Samuel Davis, employed at Harrisburg, went to Shirleysburg to see his wife, who is dying of consumption. Upon returning home he fell from a freight train and was killed.

—Forty students of the Indian training school at Carlisle have completed a three years course of study and returned to their homes in the West.

—John Deinbach, a young man, subject to fits, while near a dam near Pottsville, saw a snake, was frightened into convulsions and died in a short time.

The Power of Prayer.

Last week the GAZETTE gave a brief notice of the remarkable cure of Miss S. Anna Bewley, who for many years had been confined to her bed, despite the medical attendance of physicians. A reporter of the Philadelphia *Record* subsequently visited the lady, and last Sunday's issue of that paper gives the following particulars —After sixteen years confinement to her bed Miss S. Anna Bewley, of Bristol, Pa, suddenly arose from her couch a few days ago, and, to the surprise of her attendants, walked unaided about her residence. Every morning and evening since she has done the same thing, daily increasing the distance travelled. The most remarkable point about Miss Bewley's apparent miraculous recovery is that it has not been brought about by medical treatment, as she abandoned the use of medicine nearly a year ago. Her relatives and friends ascribe her recovery to her prayers. The patient herself, who is approaching her fiftieth year, says that it is due alone to the efficacious prayers of her Methodist friends.

Miss Bewley for the past seven years has been living with her sister, Mrs. J. Brudon, at Pond and Dorrance streets, Bristol, Pa. A *Record* reporter, who called to have a chat with her, found the object of his search recumbent in a second story front room of Mrs. Brudon's home. Her attenuated form, pale and emaciated face, and her long, bony fingers told the story of her sufferings at a glance.

"I have been an invalid for a quarter of a century," said Miss Bewley, in a clear, strong voice, "but I have every reason to believe that I shall shortly recover sufficiently to permit of my roaming about the house to my heart's content. Sixteen of the twenty-five years of sickness have been passed in bed. At rare intervals I have been able to sit up and take my meals without the aid of my nurse. During the last three years and a half, however, my infirmities have been increasing. I was unable to turn over in bed, and I found a difficulty in moving my hands or limbs. Thousands of dollars have I paid physicians, none of whom ever succeeded in alleviating my miseries. I lost all faith in medicine, and resolved to place myself in the hands of my Creator.

"Not long ago my sister, Mrs. Brudon, arranged with the other members of her church to have a special prayer meeting called for my benefit. That night, after the prayer meeting, a feeling came over me which I cannot describe, but which seemed to urge me to get out of bed and walk around the room. In a few moments I was standing on my feet, and then I began to hobble about. My strength increased with every step, and after walking probably fifty paces I returned to my bed. The next morning I attempted the same, but I fainted before going far. That evening I made up my mind to repeat the walk, and I succeeded. Every night and morning since then I have walked through the rooms in the same way. My appetite is much better, and every day I seem to get additional strength. My voice is much stronger, and I never find it troublesome to converse, as heretofore. I don't intend to bother with medicines hereafter, but shall continue my devotional exercises, to which is due my recovery."

THE PHILOSOPHY OF STYLE. By Herbert Spencer. Price 15 cents. No. 34 of the Humboldt Library of Science. J. Fitzerald & Co., Publishers, 30 Lafayette Place, New York.

Bulky volumes have been written to show wherein consist correctness of literary style, and to establish the principles on which spoken or written speech depends for its force as an instrument of persuation or simply as a means of communicating ideas. But the rhetoricians have done very little toward the development of a coherent "philosophy of style," or towards the establishment of a criterion by which the essential characters of style may be determined. Herbert Spencer supplies this defect, by applying to the subject the principles and methods that have been found so effectual in natural science. He has in short, developed the essential *laws* of style; and his brief and compendious treatise will be read with pleasure and profit by all.

—There is considerable excitement at Gloucester, Mass., among the fishery owners and fishermen, caused by a threatened innovation in mackerel catching. Preparations are making to put a Tiverton, R. I., steamer into the catching, the fish to be manufactured into oil and guano and diverted from their use as food. They are now 100 menhaden steamers, and if the experiment is successful all will engage in mackerel catching. The employment of these steamers has undoubtedly driven off the menhaden, and the same effect will be produced on the mackerel. There is a general feeling that stringent laws should be at once enacted for the protection of the mackerel fishery, which gives employment to thousands, and is an important food industry.

—The students in the leading colleges in the country are, as a rule, past their "teens" when they graduate. The average of the last graduating class at Yale was 22 years and 8 months, the age of the youngest member being 20 years and 1 month, and the oldest 89 years and 5 months. Seventy-two of the class partake at times of intoxicating liquors, of which number 13 never thus indulged until after they entered college; 63 of the class use tobacco in some form; 54 swear at times; 58 bet, and 40 gamble. It will thus be seen that college life is not conducive to strictly correct habits.

—Martin Weinberger, a Hungarian Jew, has been arrested in Pittsburg, upon his own confession, for the murder of Louis Gentfreund, near Sewickley, Allegheny county, for several weeks since.

—Burglars entered the premises of Robert Eastburn at Yardleyville, on the night of the 1st, and blew open the safe, completely ruining it. They secured only $20.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1.

General Notes.

—Married—At Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. Means, three feet and a half high, to Miss Harrison, three feet high.

—It has been discovered that the bouquet presented to Guiteau on the day before his death was poisoned.

—An Ohio physician dug seven graves for a like number of his patients, but was sent to an insane asylum before he could kill the intended victims.

—The top of a fence in an inundated tract in Illinois reached just above the water, and for days every post and board was piled high with snakes, endeavoring to save their lives.

—Milton Hill, aged 14 years, of McVeytown, Juniata county, was bitten in the finger by a copperhead snake. He placed the wounded member on a log and chopped it off with an axe.

—On Friday evening Maggie and Bridget Dempsey, sisters, were struck by a railroad train while walking on the track at Middletown, N. Y. Bridget was killed and Maggie fatally injured.

—Old Holenson, of Decorah, Iowa, feared there was foul air in a cistern which he was about to clean, and prudently sent his daughter down to find out. His apprehension was not groundless. The girl was suffocated to death.

—Two Michigan girls went bathing in Lake Huron, and had fun riding on a log at first; but a wind blew them several miles from the shore, and for thirty-six hours they were burned by day, chilled by night, and tortured by hunger, before a boat picked them up.

—An English parson gives ginger ale at the Lord's Supper. Lady Brassey mentions that in one of the South Sea islands the missionaries had to substitute cocoanut milk for wine, as the cup never reached the third communicant without replenishing. Possibly the parson has had similar painful experience.

—Dr. Nicholas N. Menil was one of the oldest and most successful medical men in St. Louis. Yet, when taken seriously ill, he said that he would die on July 10, as he was convinced that he could not survive a change of the moon. The physicians in attendance wondered at his superstition, and wondered again when he died on the 10th.

—The Economite Society of Beaver county, Pa., is nearing extinction, as the surviving members are all old and no new ones are admitted. It was founded in 1800 as an Adventist colony by George Rapp, who brought 125 families of converts from Germany. They broke their marriage ties, pooled their money, amounting to $510,000, and lived in communism. But if their number has dwindled their property has not, and the society now owns $8,000,000. A man who seceded years ago, leaving his money behind, now sues for $30,000 as his share, and if he gets it, similar litigation will soon almost empty the Economite treasury.

—*The Washington Star* is authority for the statement that the "process of boiling Guiteau's body in the vats of the Medical Museum (at Washington) and the removal of the flesh therefrom was completed last Saturday, and after the bones had been scraped they were removed to the roof to be bleached in the sun. The bleaching process will continue for a couple of weeks, when the skeleton will be articulated and placed in the case which has been prepared for it. It is said that the museum authorities during their culinary operation took the quadriceps extensor, deltoid, and sternocleido mastoid muscles out of the boiler, and, after dividing them into small pieces, placed the pieces in jars of alcohol, and distributed them among many medical men in this city."

—There is great joy in Belleville, Ontario, over the exposure of Dr. Slade, the notorious spiritualist and medium, who in the presence of a dozen gentlemen, including the chief of police, acknowledged last Friday morning that he was a fraud, and that his "manifestations" were mere trickery. His slate-writing had provoked much wonder among the people in attendance upon his daily seances, and a plan was formed for detecting him. Upon being charged with cheating and threatened with arrest, the medium fell upon his knees "trembling like an aspen," and begged to be let off. The chief of police finally relented sufficiently to give him three minutes in which to get to the railroad station, and by the first train he went east. The general rejoicing at this complete detection, however, is somewhat tempered by a doubt whether the exposed spiritualist is the genuine Slade. A commercial traveler who was in Belleville at the time of the exposure offers to bet $100 to $5 that the ruined medium is a double fraud, and that the unadulterated Dr. Slade is at the present moment at Port Huron, Michigan.

CHANGE OF MIND.—I declined to insert your advertisement of Hop Bitters last year because I then thought they might not be promotive of the cause of Temperance, but find they are, and a very valuable medicine, myself and wife having been greatly benefited by them, and I take great great pleasure in making them known. REV. JOHN SEAMAN, Editor *Home Sentinel*, Afton, N. Y.

—While some girls were bathing at Kewaskin, Wis., Mary Freeman, of Chicago, swam out and rescued a girl who had got beyond her depth, and was drowned herself.

☞Pure Paris Green, 35 cents per pound, at Dr. Pursell's, Mill Street Drug Store.

—The 'longshoremen of the Boston and Baltimore Steamship Company at Boston have struck for an advance of ten cents an hour for night work.

☞Messrs. White & Burdick, Druggists, Ithaca, N. Y.—I recommend to those suffering (as I have been) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. I have tried nearly all the remedies, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief. C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. Price 50 cents. Apply into nostrils with little finger.

MARRIED.

STACKHOUSE—LEET.—In Bristol, June 25th, 1882, by Rev. H. E. Gilroy, Mr. William H. Stackhouse and Miss Sarah Leet, both of Tullytown, Bucks County, Pa.

DIED.

MORRISON.—July 11th, 1882, Juliann, widow of Alexander Morrison, deceased, in the 79th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Capt. James Fenton, Swain street, to-morrow (Friday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

BLOOMSBURG.—At Yardville, N. J., July 11th, 1882, Paul, infant son of Capt. Peter and Eliza Bloomsburg, of Bristol, aged nine months.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his grandmother, at Yardville, N. J., on Friday, 14th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUNDAY PAPERS.
BRISTOL, PA., JULY 13th, 1882.
On and after Sunday, July 16th, persons living in the THIRD WARD can have their Sunday papers at James Holt's Ice Cream Saloon, as I have stopped serving them in that ward. G. W. CALLANAN.

NOTICE.
We hereby give notice that we have made application to the Commercial Insurance Company for renewal of the certificate of the Capital Stock of said company No. 18, for ten shares issued to Charles C. Douglass, and No. 40 to Ellen Kilmartin, for ten shares, the said certificates having been lost or mislaid.
CHARLES C. DOUGLASS,
ELLEN KILMARTIN.

ESTATE NOTICE.
Estate of CHARLES T. IREDELL, late of the Borough of Bristol, in the County of Bucks, deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal demands against the same to present them in proper order for settlement without delay, to
REBECCA N. IREDELL, Administratrix.
Or ANTHONY SWAIN, her Attorney.

ESTATE NOTICE.
Estate of ELIZABETH H. PAXSON, late of Bristol, Bucks county, Pa., deceased.—Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, without delay, to CHAS. W. TAYLOR, Executor, Hulmeville, P. O., Pa.
Or, to his Attorney,
ANTHONY SWAIN, Bristol, Pa.

The Largest Stock of Hair Goods in Bristol to select from is at
MRS. T. J. DUNCAN'S.
PIN WAVES, SARATOGA WAVES, DOUBLE AND SINGLE BANGS, FINGER PUFFS, &c., &c.
Switches, Curls, &c., made to order. Combings made up at short notice and satisfaction guaranteed. A large assortment of Bang Nets. Lady Howard's Pearl of Beauty, a perfectly harmless cosmetic and beautifier of the complexion.
Call and see what we have and examine our prices at Wood's Old Stand, 58 Mill street.

STATEMENT OF THE
Farmers' National Bank of Bucks County,
JULY 2ST, 1882.

RESOURCES	
Loans, Discounts, Stocks and Bonds,	$331,129 17
U. S. Bonds at par,	73,000 00
Specie, U. S. Notes and Currency,	58,005 92
Real Estate, expenses and taxes,	10,067 32
Due from Banks,	40,190 21
	$512,392 62
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock,	$92,220 00
Surplus and Profits,	87,244 59
Circulation,	54,500 00
Deposits (bank and individual)	278,308 03
	$512,392 62

CHAS. E. SCOTT, Cashier.
Bristol, Pa., July 8th, 1882.

BRICKS!
BUILDING BRICKS FOR SALE.
Manufactured at the Old Established Brick Works
(ESTABLISHED 1828)
AT KINKORA, N. J.,
On the Delaware River above Florence, and on the line of the Amboy Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the Junction of the Kinkora and Columbus Railroad. The location of this yard makes it convenient for shipping by either water or rail to almost any part of the State. I also manufacture and keep in stock at my yard Long Lane and Mifflin Street, Philadelphia, the best quality of Philadelphia Pressed, Paving and other hand made Bricks, and sell them at the lowest cash prices.
MURRELL DOBBINS,
LONG LANE AND MIFFLIN STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

USE
PURSELL'S
POROUS PLASTERS.
NONE ARE MORE EFFECTUAL.
S. W. COR. MILL AND CEDAR STREETS,
BRISTOL, PA.

We are now prepared to give you some of the greatest bargains you ever saw.
It will do you good to read this, even if you do not buy!
A nice suit of clothes for gent, $3.25.
A very good suit, $5.00.
A splendid suit, $7.50.
Boy's fine suits, $1 50, up.
Men's working Pants, 60 and 75 cents.
Men's fine cheviot Pants, $2 50.
Men's extra fine Cassimere Pants, $3 00.
All the new and nobby styles Straw Hats for men and boys, 35, 50, 75, $1 00.
A good Straw Hat—boy's 7c.; men's, 9c.
Summer Undershirts, 20c; Muslin Drawers, 25c; Calico Shirts, 31 and 50c; Percale, 75c and $1 00
Neck Ties, 5c, 10c, 15c, new nobby styles, 25c.
Suspenders for boy's as low as 3 cts
Suspenders for men, 10, 15, 25, 50 patent spring.
Stockings, 5c, seamless, 12c.
Men's fine White Shirts, linen bosoms, 60c.
The largest, finest and best stock OF
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
IN BUCKS COUNTY,
can be found at
WOODS' CASH CLOTHING STORE,
NO. 60 MILL STREET, BRISTOL
Extra Men's Custom made work Shoes, $1 30.
Fine Congress Gaiters, brass nailed, $1.35.

RIVER STEAMERS.

The Steamboat GEM
Leaves Mill street wharf, Bristol, at 8 o'clock, A. M. Returning, leaves Arch street wharf, Phila-delphia, at 3 o'clock, P. M.
Fare, 25 cents. Excursion tickets, 40 cents.

Trips Resumed.
THE STEAMBOAT
COLUMBIA.
ON and after Saturday, April 15th, the Steamboat Columbia, will leave Bristol for Philadelphia, at 7.00 A. M. and 4 P. M., touching at Burlington, Beverly, Riverton, Torresdale and Andalusia. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 2 and 6 P. M. Fare, 25c. each way. Excursion, 40c.

SPECIAL.
STEAMBOAT
TWILIGHT.
On and after Thursday, June 1st, 1882, the Steamer TWILIGHT will run as far as Bristol only, touching at Riverton, House of Correction, Torresdale, Delanco, Andalusia, Beverly and Burlington, leaving Chestnut street wharf, Philadelphia, at 7 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning, leave Bristol at 9.30 A. M. and 5 P. M. Sunday Trips—Leave Chestnut Street Wharf at 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M., touching at Water-Works Wharf. Returning leave Bristol 10 30 A. M. and 5 P. M., House of Correction and Torresdale omitted. Fare, 25c. Excursion, 40c. Freight taken at low rates.
HENRY CRAWFORD, Captain.

Trips Resumed to Trenton.
THE STEAMER
EDWIN FORREST
Will leave Arch street wharf, Philadelphia, touching at Tacony, Torresdale, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Penn's Manor, White Hill and Trenton.

Leaves Arch St. wharf.			Leaves South Trenton.		
Friday,	14, 10½	A.M.	Friday,	14, 2½	P.M.
Saturday,	15, 11	A.M.	Saturday,	15, 3	P.M.
Monday,	17, 12½	P.M.	Monday,	17, 4½	P.M.
Tuesday,	18, 1	P.M.	Tuesday,	18, 5	P.M.
Wedn'day,	19, 1½	P.M.	Wedn'day,	19, 5½	P.M.
Thursday,	20,	Don't go.	Thursday,	20,	Don't go.

Leaves Bristol about one hour and a half after leaving Philadelphia or Trenton.
Fare, Philadelphia to Trenton 40 cts. Excursion 60 cts.
All other places, 25cts. Excursion, 40 cts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wanamaker's.

We'll try the experiment awhile of giving you a little more specific news about goods. We know well, if we can get such news to you promptly, that it will be acceptable. You can write or come.

White muslin dresses at about three-quarters value. A few are shown in the window of 1301 Chestnut, each one marked with its price. Very many more are within.

The materials are nainsooks, linons d'Inde, mulls and Swisses. Some are very plainly made with little or no trimming beyond some deft handling of the material itself; and some are elaborate enough. The extreme prices are $3.50 and $60. An excellent plain dress is sold for $5; neat and well made.

Low prices can almost always be put upon such goods a little late in the season. It's rather early now; but profitable making appears to be over already.

Just now you have the double advantage of many such dresses to choose from and low prices.

1301 and 1303 Chestnut street.

Ready-made dresses of a black-and-white striped fabric that looks like summer silk, but is silk-and-cotton. For general wear they will be found quite good enough; better indeed than summer-silk. Well made and substantial; but the chief virtue is in the price, $10.

1301 and 1303 Chestnut street, second floor.

Black grenadines have been one of the most distinguished features of our trade for two months past. We have had the finest in the world, and all grades down to the poorest that we care to keep; and a wonderful variety of patterns.

Figured grenadines that brought $2 lately are selling at $1. And this may be taken as a general indication of what we are doing in grenadines.

Next-outer circle, south entrance to main building.

An extraordinary debeige, extraordinary in quality and width, we are selling at 50 cents; 47 inches. No lady who can use debeige will be inclined to pass it; for it is worth twice the money.

The melanges at 40 to 60 cents are worth a half more, just about. There are four qualities, and somewhere about fifty color-effects.

Second circle, southeast from center.

If dress-goods are lower than they were elsewhere—we don't say they are. Advertisements say they are; but there is a certain shyness in those same advertisements, which makes them not very impressive.—If dress-goods are lower elsewhere in our city, the fall is due to the singular spectacle here of three great classes of the most fashionable dress-goods at a fraction of their value: French melanges, small checks and small-check stripes of wool and silk-and-wool, and black lainage.

We mention these three, because they stand out from the rest of the stock, conspicuous in two ways; they are fashionable, peculiarly so; and they are at half, two-thirds or three-quarters value.

Third and fourth circles, south from center.

Sash ribbon, satin-and-grosgrain, 7-inch, of value $1.15 for 75 cents; all colors. We refer to a particular sort, of which we have three thousand yards.

Black moire, 7-inch sash, 90 cents.

Block sash at $1 we are out of part of the time; but we receive some every morning. Do not confound this quality with that sold at 65 cents elsewhere.

Outer circle, by south entrance to main building.

Silk mitts, ordered from the makers a year ago, include a wider range in the colors than ever before: black, 50 cents to $4.50; white, cream, écru, terra-cotta, cardinal, etc., 75 cents to $7.

West of Arcade, 1313 Chestnut; seventh counter.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets and City-hall square, Philadelphia.

DE WITTS' GREEN HOUSES.
IT is with pleasure that we call the attention of our patrons to our NEW STOCK of
Plants, Flowers, Etc.
We have the most extensive and varied assortment we have ever offered heretofore. The most of our plants are farther advanced than they have been any year at this period of the season. It is to the interest of our customers to purchase now and have the full benefit of cultivating the flowers in the house until Spring opens. First purchasers always get first choice.
Our stock consists of all we have ever offered, and many things new to Bristol. RARE PANSIES and SWEET VIOLETS for sale, either the plants or loose flowers. No lover of flowers should fail to examine them. We invite the public to give us a call.
DE WITT'S GREEN HOUSES,
Pond Street between Walnut and Penn.

BRISTOL IMPROVEMENT CO.'S STOCK
Taken for Houses and Lots, by
SAMUEL SWAIN.

FOR RENT.
Two Houses to Rent at $6 per month, by
SAMUEL SWAIN.

WANTED.
Water Stock wanted by
SAMUEL SWAIN.

MISCELLANEOUS.



LANDRETH'S
BLOOMSDALE SWEDE, OR RUTA BAGA,
IS the result of critical selection, and has proved to be, unquestionably, the most desirable of all known strains of
PURPLE TOP YELLOW RUTA BAGA.
The foliage is not superabundant; the shape is nearly globular, the crown deep purple, the flesh a rich yellow.
Also, White Fleshed Purple Top Ruta Baga Turnip. Strap Leaved Garden Ruta Baga Turnip. Amber or Yellow Globe Turnip. Aberdeen or Scotch Yellow Turnip. Pomeranean White Globe Turnip. Yellowstone Turnip. Hanover or Long French Turnip. Early White Egg Turnip. Large Early Red Globe Turnip. White Norfolk Globe Turnip. Seven-Top or Forrester Turnip. Cowhorn Turnip. EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH STRAP-LEAVED TURNIP. FLAT RED OR PURPLE STRAP-LEAVED TURNIP.
Every farmer should sow Turnip seeds. A good stock of Turnips is the best and most economical food for cattle during the Winter and early Spring months. Also, Turnips grown on the ground and plowed in, make very valuable manure.
We will mail our catalogue free of charge on application.

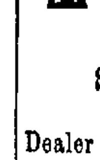


Bloomsdale Swede, or Ruta Baga.

D. LANDRETH & SONS.
21 and 23 South Sixth Street, between Market and Chestnut Sts
BRANCH STORE—S. W. Corner Delaware Ave. and Arch Sts.
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FRED. SCOTT & CO., Agents, 37 Mill Street, Bristol.

"BARGAIN TIME."
"HAS COME AGAIN." "HAS COME AGAIN."
TAKE NOTICE!
THE TIME HAS AGAIN ARRIVED TO SELL GOODS AT BARGAIN PRICES, and as the Spring has been so backward we have too many goods on hand, and will show some at prices now that will make it pay to come long distances to get them. They comprise all kinds of
DRESS GOODS FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER,
and full lines of almost everything needed for personal or house furnishing outfits in the Dry Goods or Staple Notion line. Full lines of Underwear for men, women and children. Men and boy's goods, &c.
COME NOW FOR BARGAINS TO
JOHN MOORE & CO.'S STORES,
517 and 519 North Second Street, above Noble, Philadelphia.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO COMPANY.
Grand Offer for the next 60 days only.
$850 Square Grand Piano for only $245.
PIANO STYLE 3½ Magnificent rosewood case, elegantly finished, 3 strings, 7 1-3 Octaves, full patent cantante agrafes, our new patent overstrung scale, beautiful carved legs and lyre, heavy serpentine and large fancy moulding, full iron frame, French Grand Action, Grand Hammers, in fact, every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instrument, has been added.
☞Our price for this instrument, boxed and delivered on board cars at New York, with fine Piano Cover, Stool and Book, only $245.00
Just reduced from our late wholesale factory price, $295, for 60 days only. This is now, by far, the greatest bargain ever offered the musical public. Unprecedented success! Tremendous demand for this style! Send in your order at once. Do not lose this rare opportunity.
This Piano will be sent on 15 days test trial. Please send reference if you do not send money with order. CASH SENT WITH ORDER WILL BE REFUNDED AND FREIGHT CHARGES PAID BY US BOTH WAYS IF PIANO IS NOT JUST AS REPRESENTED. Several other special Bargains. Pianos, $160 up. Over 15,000 in use, and not one dissatisfied purchaser. Don't fail to write us before buying. Handsome Illustrated Piano Catalogue mailed free, giving the highest testimonials ever awarded any piano manufacturer. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.
SHEET MUSIC at one-third price. Catalogue of 3,000 choice pieces of popular Music sent for 3c stamp.
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NO. 16 MILL STREET,
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PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND GAS PIPE FITTERS,
ALSO,
Dealer in Gas Fixtures, Steam Heating Apparatus, Hydraulic Rams Lift and Force Pumps of all kinds.
REPAIR WORK SOLICITED. Also constantly on hand,
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GENUINE CUCUMBER PUMPS,
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☞ Factory, Dorrance Street, West of Railroad.

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CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
HOLIDAY OFFERS.
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO ORDER AN
ESTEY ORGAN OR A FIRST-CLASS PIANO.
Special low prices given organs—from $30 up—every investment is fully warranted. Satisfaction guaranteed. If you cannot call, be sure to write for catalogue before buying elsewhere
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MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS.
Newest Styles, Best Goods, Cheapest Prices.
No Charge for Packing. Safe Shipment Guaranteed.
FURNITURE AND BEDDING,
66 N. SECOND STREET, Near Arch, Philadelphia.
The Place to Buy
WALNUT, ASH AND COTTAGE SUITS,
PARLOR, DINING AND KITCHEN TABLES AND CHAIRS,
PARLOR SUITS AND LOUNGES,
In Complete Variety.
BEDDING, REFRIGERATORS.
BRUSSELS, INGRAIN AND RAG CARPETS.
BOTTOM PRICES.
All Goods warranted as represented.
L. JAFFE.
621 and 623 North Second Street, above Green, Philadelphia.

American Watch and Clock Depot,
No. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET, (above Market,) PHILADELPHIA,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT AND SMALL PRICES.
Look at some of the Prices.
LADIES' SOLID GOLD AMERICAN LEVER WATCHES, $22; GENTS SOLID GOLD AMERICAN LEVER WATCHES, $30. Ladies Gold Watches as low as $12; One day Clocks $1.00 up. Eight Day Walnut Clocks, $3 up.
A large stock on hand of solid gold and best rolled plated jewelry and chains. Solid silver and plated ware, Opera Glasses and Spectacles. Repairing of all kinds done in a skillful manner.
S. PICARD, No. 11 N. Second Street, Philadelphia.
P. S.—Every Article warranted as represented.

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Theodore Cornell
Keeps constantly on hand a
FULL SUPPLY OF MEAT OF ALL KINDS,
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
He respectfully solicits a share of the patronage the people of Bristol and vicinity.

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BY
THOMAS EASTBURN,
Real Estate Broker and Conveyancer
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SUBSTANTIALS and LUXURIES
For the Table.
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EDWARD H. FOSTER.

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A PRIDE'S SWIFT DECISION.

A certain Dean of Chester, England, was called upon to perform the wedding ceremonial for a pair of happy lovers The position of both parties were of the highest rank, and the guests who were bidden to the church were of the most fashionable and exalted. The day arrived, and with it the hour The edifice was packed, and all was in readiness The Dean expectant, awaited the coming of the bride, and the groom, with his best man, was in the vestry The hours passed on and still the bride did not arrive. After a long delay she drove up to the church door, and, with her bridesmaids, swept up the large middle aisle toward the altar In the meantime the groom advanced to meet her, and receiving her half way, escorted her to the Dean After the opening words of exhortation the Dean turned to the man and asked him the usual set questions whether he would have the woman for his wedded wife, etc, to which he answered, "I will" The question being in turn asked of the woman, to the astonishment and amazement of all she distinctly said, looking the groom in the face, "I will not" The next instant she said in a low voice "Mr Dean, no one can more regret the words I have just uttered than myself, and if you will dismiss the congregation and take me into the vestry room I will apologize, and at the same time fully and satisfactorily explain what may seem to all my strange conduct" The Dean, seeing that she was, in truth earnest, in a few words dismissed the bewildered congregation, and directed the bridegroom to await him The congregation having departed, and the lady and Dean being together, she said "I cannot tell you how badly I feel I had loved my *fiance* truly and devotedly, and had looked forward to a life of perfect happiness and joy. This morning, as you know, I was late at my marriage ceremony but it was not through any fault of mine. I arrived as soon as I could. Instead of receiving looks of love and words of full happiness from my future husband, he paralyzed my beating heart by saying, when he met me half way up the aisle, —— —— you! if you expect to begin life this way, by keeping me waiting for you, you will learn something after you are my wife' My decision was instantly made. I have been told that sooner than suffer unhappiness through my own actions it were better to renounce, even at the altar, a union that would bring misery and grief thereafter Had I turned back, he would have followed me there would have been a scene, and he might have persuaded me to return and marry him. It also might have looked like temper, and I had fully time during your few words of prayer to make up my mind. I know that I have disappointed friends, my family, but no one more than myself Do not ask me to reconsider my late action Inform my would-have-been husband of my determination and let me go" The Dean, seeing she was resolved, could not but approve, and gently led her through the church back to her anxious parents, not as a smiling wife, but as a woman whose present is shattered and whose future is blighted

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Manufacturers out of the generosity of their hearts frequently of late construct furniture of wood freshly culled from the forests This has led to the interesting discovery of a strong sympathy between the native and the domesticated woods With the changing seasons they manifest the same traits A striking proof of this fact is narrated by *The Furniture Gazette* "A well known Chicago merchant bought a chamber-suit on State street, and after some trouble with it related his experience thus 'It was a first-class suit and had more enterprise than any other articles of furniture I ever knew. It was winter when I bought it, and it behaved pretty well for a time, but along toward spring it began to get kind o' uneasy and restless like. I didn't know what was the matter with it until after an uncommonly warm spring day I went home, and I hope to die if the blasted thing hadn't broken all over with buds' The lumber was so green that it had sprouted, and in less'n a week there was one of the prettiest little groves of waving walnut branches you would ever wish to see. It made a beautiful shade, and it was the best summer bedstead I ever knew'"

Buffalo are scarcer than ever on the plains this year

☞PROVERBS —"A place for everything, and everything in its place" The place for Phenol Sodique is in every one's house "A stitch in time saves nine" Keep Phenol Sodique on hand. It will save time, suffering, and tedious recovery —*See adv*

☞Thousands of ladies cherish grateful remembrances of the help derived from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The papers of Western Michigan favor the submission of a prohibitory amendment to a popular vote of the State.

☞An article so favorably known as Hall's Hair Renewer needs no words of praise from us It has won its way to the highest favor in the public mind, and multitudes who have vainly used other preparations have, on trying this, been made glad by the speedy restoration of abundant locks as in the days of youth.

An Allentown, Pa, society will render Pinafore in Dutch

All that is Claimed.

600 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md, Feb 5, 1881

H. H. Warner & Co. *Sirs*—Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has accomplished in my case, all you claim for it I have been thoroughly healed by its speedy curative properties G F BUSK

Modern Cairo is a shabby imitation of Paris.

☞The peculiar action on the kidneys and urinary organs of asparagus is frequently noticed during the season. Prof Benson recently proved in the case of the Emperor William and others that in combination with malt and quinine it is an absolute specific for diseases of the liver, kidneys and urinary organs. His method has been adopted by the Malt Bitters Company, and this great German food is now composed of malt, Hops, quinine bark and asparagus.—*Medical Times*

The United States pays Brazil, $50,000,000 a year for coffee.

☞HAY FEVER.—For Hay Fever I recommend Ely's Cream Balm: It entirely relieved me from the first application. have been a sufferer for ten years. Going from home, and neglecting to take the remedy, I had an attack, after returning I immediately resorted to it, and found instant relief. I believe, had I begun its use earlier, I should not have been troubled. J COLLYER, Clerk, 138 Broad St, Elizabeth, N. J

Twelve saloons were recently built in one day at Russelville, Montana

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☞Corn Cure, 10 cents, at Peters' Drug Store.

THE IMPENDING FATE.

An Interesting Chapter from the Life of a Prominent Bostonian.

Boston Globe.

The readers of this paper were more or less amazed at a most remarkable statement from one of our leading citizens which appeared in yesterday's issue So unusual were the circumstances connected with it, and so much comment did it occasion on the street and in social circles, that a representative of this paper was commissioned to investigate its details and verify its facts The article referred to was a statement made by Mr B F Larrabee, of the New York and Boston Dispatch Express Company, whose office is on Arch street. Mr Larrabee was found by the newspaper man in his private office, and on being questioned said

"Well, sir, logically I have been dead, but really I am as you can see me A little over a year ago I was taken sick My trouble was not severe at first and I thought it was the result of a slight cold Somehow I felt unaccountably tired at times although I took an abundance of sleep. Then again, I had dull and strange pains in various parts of my body My appetite was good one day and I had none whatever the next and my head pained me more or less much of the time. A while afterward I noticed much that was peculiar about the fluids I was passing and that a sediment, scum and a strange accumulation appeared in it Still I did not realize that these things meant anything serious and I allowed the illness to run along until on the 28th day of October I fell prostrate while walking along Tremont street. I was carried home and did not go out of the house until the middle of December I then went down town and attempted to attend to my business until the 13th of last January, when I was taken with a very severe relapse My symptoms were terrible. I was fearfully bloated I suffered severe pains in all parts of my body and it was almost impossible to get my breath For six days I never laid down and never slept I was constantly attended by my regular physician, Dr Johnson, and Dr. Bowditch also came to see me nearly every day There was no doubt that I was suffering from Bright's disease of the kidneys in its worst form and last stages, accompanied by other troubles in my liver and heart. In spite, however, of the skill of the physician, I kept growing worse and finally they tapped my side in the vicinity of the heart, taking away forty-six ounces of water. This relieved me for the time, but I soon became as bad as before. Then the doctor gave me up entirely, declared I could not live more than twenty-four hours and my daughter who was residing in Paris, was telegraphed for. Still I lingered along for several week, far more dead than alive, but never giving up hope One night—it was on the 29th of April, I very well remember—my attendant, who was reading the paper to me, began an article which described my disease and sufferings exactly. It told how some severe cases of Bright's disease had been cured, and so clearl and sensibly did it state the case that I determined to try the means of cure which it described So I sent my man to the drug store, procured a bottle of the medicine, unknown to my physicians and friends, and took the first dose at 10 o'clock At that time I was suffering intensely. I could not sleep I had the short breaths and could scarcely get any air into my lungs I was terribly bloated from head to foot, and the motion of my heart was irregular and painful. The next morning I was able to breathe freely, the pain began to leave me and the bloating decreased I continued to take the medicine, and to-day, sir, I am as well as I ever was in my life, and wholly owing to the wonderful, almost miraculous power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure I do not know what this medicine is made of, or anything else about it, but I know it saved my life when I was given up by the doctors and had really been dead for weeks that it has kept me in perfect health ever since and has cured many of my friends to whom I have recommended it There are a number of very remarkable cases in Lynn and Salem, as well as in this city, that it has cured My recovery is so remarkable that it has excited much attention, and physicians as well as others have investigated it thoroughly I am glad they have, for I feel that the results of such a wonderful cure should be known to the thousands in all parts of the land who are suffering from troubles of the kidneys, liver or heart, and in some of their many dangerous forms"

The representative of the press thanked Mr Larrabee for his very frank and clear statement, and was about to leave the office when a gentleman stepped up to him and inquired if he were seeking information about Mr Larrabee's sickness and recovery The scribe replied that he was, whereupon the gentleman said

"And so am I, and I have come all the way from Chicago for that very purpose Kidney troubles seem to be alarmingly increasing all over the country, and I have a very near relative who is afflicted much as Mr Larrabee was. I have been to see the physicians of whom Mr. Larrabee speaks, and I tell you, sir, it is simply wonderful"

"What did they say?" asked the man of news

"Say! why sir, they fully confirm everything Mr Larrabee has stated I went to see Dr D. A Johnson, at 20 Worcester street He was absent when I called and so I stepped into the Commonwealth hotel, where Mr Larrabee was living at the time of his sickness Messrs Brugh & Carter are the proprietors, and I asked them about Mr Larrabee's case Mr. Brugh pointed to the electric annunciator and said, why for weeks and weeks every time that bell rang I said That means the death of Mr Larrabee. No one around the hotel ever dreamed that he would recover and when the doctors would come down from his room they would shake their heads and say there was no hope The arrangements for the funeral were made and his recovery was simply a miracle"

I then called on Dr. Johnson who said that Mr. Larrabee's case was a very remarkable one He was his family physician and expected his death every hour for a number of weeks and never called to see him during that time, but he was prepared for it. The doctor said the recovery was due to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and if he had friends, male or female, troubled with Albumen or any kidney troubles he should certainly advise them to use this remedy Dr Johnson said kidney difficulties are more common than most people think and that many symptoms which are supposed to be other diseases arise from the kidneys. He said that ladies after gestation are specially subject to albuminous troubles which require prompt attention.

Well, I then came down and called on Dr. H. Ingersoll Bowditch on Boylston street The old doctor was inclined to be reticent but fully confirmed all I had previously learned. He had attended Mr Larrabee, and supposed him beyond all hope, and he was afterwards restored, as he said, by Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

I next went to see Dr. Melville E. Webb, at the Hotel Cluny, for you see I was determined to be thorough in the matter. I found Dr. Webb a most clear-headed and well-informed gentleman, and he said

"I know of Mr Larrabee's case from having thoroughly investigated it as a medical director of a Life Insurance company, and it is one of the most remarkable cases I have ever met Mr. Larrabee had all the manifestations of a complication of diseases, and in their worst forms He had albumen and casts in the urine, and a terribly diseased liver and spleen Indeed, he was so bad that he threw himself upon the floor, and with his head upon a hassock, struggled for breath. It was on the night when he was so bad and when all his medical advisers had long given him up that he began using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure The next morning at 10 o'clock he was able to breathe freely, and has been ever since I subjected him to the most thorough examination possible, after his recovery, and 'I can't find out about him' His kidneys, liver, lungs and heart are perfectly well and sound I can only add that, from what I have seen, I would unhesitatingly recommend this remedy"

The conclusions from the statements above made which come to the newspaper man as well as the general public, must be two-fold. First that a modern miracle of healing has been performed in our midst, and that, too, by the simplest means and one that is within the reach of everyone. It should be remembered that Bright's disease is not usually a sudden complaint Its beginnings are slight and its growth slow The symptoms by which it may be detected are different with different persons, no two people usually having the same This fact was manifest in the case of Mr Larrabee, and he had no idea of the terrible complaint which had attacked him until it became fixed upon him. Secondly, testimonials of such high character and so outspoken in tone, conclusively prove the value of the remedy and its superior nature to the proprietary articles with which the public have been flooded "The greater includes the less," and the remedy which has been proven so valuable and has saved a life after it was brought down to death's door, must unquestionably be certain in all minor troubles which are so disastrous unless taken in time.

A number of New York saloons dispensed free beer during the hour for Guiteau's execution

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Kitty Smith, of Westfield, N Y, died from blood poisoning, caused by tight shoes

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An exchange says Chicago has more saloons than lamp posts

"Buchupaiba"

Quick complete cure all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases $1 Druggists

---

Kate Shelley, the Iowa girl who saved a railroad train, has invested her money in land, and will attend school five years She is now sixteen.

Mrs Taylor, widow of the tenth President, is described as a plumb and well-preserved lady, with pleasant blue eyes, a smooth and pleasant countenance, and silvery hair

---

☞Errors of youth in male or female, causing shyness or inability to look another in the face, pimples, nervousness, etc, can be permanently cured by the use of Prof Guilmette's Kidney Pad.

Two Indiana farmers quarrelled over a wrench, and went to law The costs of court and counsel fees have reached $1,700, both litigants have mortgaged their property to raise the money, and the case is continued

---

CATARRH —Relief in five minutes in every case gratifying, wholesome relief beyond a money value Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical and permanent Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure Complete for $1

While shouting "Glory" during a revival in Louisville, Eliza Douglass dropped dead

---

☞PERSONAL ! TO MEN ONLY —The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich, will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and Manhood, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above N B—No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed

---

A party of girls near Rosemont, Pa, all practical horsewomen, have formed a little club and have been having hurdle races for several weeks past in a series of fields picked out for the purpose

---

☞The most wonderful curative remedies of the present day, are those that come from Germany, or at least originate there The most recent preparation placed upon the market in this country, is the Great German Invigorator, which has never been known to fail in curing a single case of impotency, spermatorrhœa, weakness and all diseases resulting from self-abuse, as nervous debility, inability, mental anxiety, languor, lassitude, depression of spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system For sale by druggists, or sent free by mail on receipt of the price, $1 00 per box, or six boxes for $5 00 Address F J Cheney, Toledo, O, Sole Agent for the United States Send for circular H G Peters agent, Bristol, Pa

MISCELLANEOUS.



Cuticura

THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER

Resolvent

Operates with Energy upon the Kidneys, Liver, Bowels and Pores of the Skin.

Neutralizing, Absorbing, and Expelling Scrofulous, Cancerous, and Canker

—HUMORS—

The cause of most human ills and curing when physicians hospitals and all other methods and remedies fail, Scrofula or King's Evil, Glandular Swellings, Ulcers Old Sores Milk Leg, Mercurial Affections Erisipelas, Tumors Abscesses, Carbuncles Boils Blood Poisons Bright's Disease, Wasting of the Kidneys and Liver, Rheumatism, Constipation Piles Dyspepsia and all Itching, and Scaly

—ERUPTIONS—

Of the Skin and Scalp,—such as Salt Rheum Psoriasis Tetter Ringworm Barber's Itch Scald Head Itching Piles and other Disfiguring and Torturing Humors from a pimple to a scrofulous ulcer when assisted by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP the great Skin Cures

—CUTICURA—

A sweet unchangeable Medicinal Jelly clears off all external evidence of Blood Humors cuts away Dead Skin and Flesh, instantly allays Itchings and Irritations Softens Soothes and Heals Worth its weight in gold for all Itching Diseases

—CUTICURA SOAP—

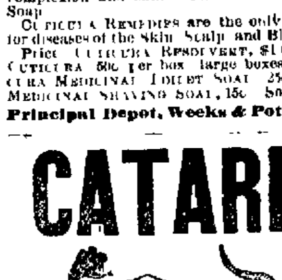
An Exquisite Toilet Bath and Nursery Sanative Fragrant with delicious flower odors and healing balsam Contains in a modified form all the virtues of CUTICURA the great Skin Cure and is indispensable in the treatment of Skin and Scalp Diseases, and for restoring preserving and beautifying the complexion and skin The only Medicinal Baby Soap

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the only real curatives for diseases of the Skin Scalp and Blood

Price CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1.00 per bottle, CUTICURA 50c per box large boxes, $1.00 CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP 25c, CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING SOAP, 15c Sold everywhere

Principal Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

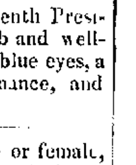


Sanford's Radical Cure.

The Great American Balsamic Distillation of Witch Hazel, American Pine, Canadian Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossom, etc,

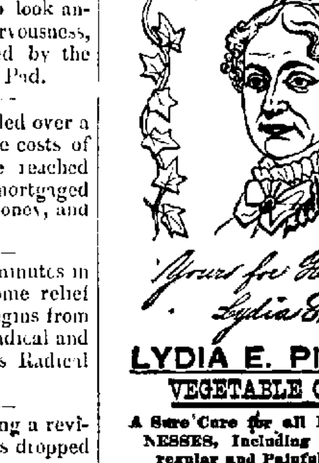
For the Immediate Relief and Permanent Cure of every form of Catarrh, from a simple Head Cold or Influenza to the Loss of Smell Taste and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption Indorsed by Physicians Chemists and Medical Journals throughout the world as the only complete external and internal treatment

One bottle Radical Cure one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler all in one package, of all Druggists for $2 Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE Weeks & Potter Boston



COLLINS' ELECTRICITY PLASTERS

Gentle yet Effective united with Healing Balsam render COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every Pain, Weakness and Inflammation Price, **25 cents.** Sold everywhere



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhea, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

☞Pleasant to the taste efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

☞FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

☞KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood at the same time will give tone and strength to the system As marvellous in results as the Compound.

☞Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1 Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either, Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry, Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

☞LYDIA E PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver 25 cents.

☞Sold by all Druggists.

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Are CONSTANTLY BEFORE OUR MIND'S EYE.

These Points, so well developed in our present stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING are pushing our goods into favorable notice everywhere

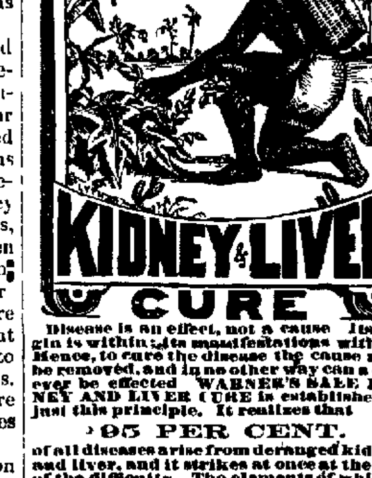
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Disease is an effect, not a cause Its origin is within; its manifestations without. Hence, to cure the disease the cause must be removed, and in no other way can a cure ever be effected WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just this principle. It realizes that

95 PER CENT.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a food and restorer, and, by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.

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BONDS AND STOCKS
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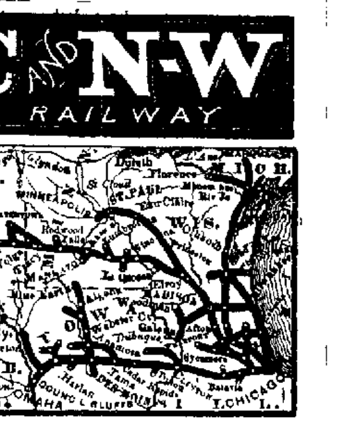
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HOUSES of every size and description Terms of payment very liberal

JOSHUA PEIRCE.

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Is the OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST!

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in

Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada and for

Council Bluffs, Omaha,
DENVER, LEADVILLE,
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Cedar Rapids, Des Moines Columbus, and all Points in the Territories, and the West Also for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette Fond du Lac Watertown Houghton Neenah Menasha, St Paul Minneapolis Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck Winona LaCrosse Owatonna and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest

At Council-Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North Western and the U P R'ys depart from arrive at and use the same joint Union depot

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes

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It is the ONLY LINE running

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS

BETWEEN

CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road Examine your Tickets and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North Western Railway

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this route

☞AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER

All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line
MARVIN HUGHITT 2d V P & Gen'l Mang'r Chicago

Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

On and after March 25, 1882 trains will leave Vine and Shackamaxon Street Ferries Philadelphia

FOR ATLANTIC CITY

FAST EXPRESS, 9 30 a m and 4 00 p m
Accommodation (daily) 8 a m 4 30 p m
SUNDAY FAST EXPRESS 7 00 a m

LOCAL TRAINS FROM PHILADELPHIA

Williamstown 8 a m 11 a m 4 30 p m
Hammonton 8 a m 4 30 and 6 00 p m
Atco 8 11 a m 4 30, 6 and Vine Street only 11 30 p m
Haddonfield 8 9 and 11 a m 12 m 4 30 5 6 6 45, and Vine street only 9 30 and 11 30 p m
Marlton and Medford 8 and 11 a m 5 and 5 p m
Sundays 8 a m and 6 p m
Vineland Bridgeton &c 8 a m & 4 30 p m

LEAVE ATLANTIC CITY

FAST EXPRESS 8 00 a m and 4 40 p m
Accommodation 7 a m and 4 30 p m
Sunday Accommodation 6 30 a m and 4 30 p m
SUNDAY FAST EXPRESS 5 30 p m
Round Trip Tickets Ten days, $1
Woodruff Parlor Cars on all express trains fare 25 cents

Tickets on sale at 836, 838, 1100 and 1348 Chestnut street Vine Street and Shackamaxon Street Ferries Philadelphia

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



This compound of the vegetable alteratives Sarsaparilla, Dock Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potash and Iron, makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting It purifies the blood purges out the lurking humors in the system that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ or organs whose action they derange and whose substance they disease and destroy AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood When they are gone the disorders they produce disappear such as Ulcerations of the Liver Stomach Kidneys Lungs Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin St Anthony's Fire Rose or Erysipelas Pimples Pustules Blotches Boils Tumors Tetter and Salt Rheum Scald Head Ringworm Ulcers and Sores Rheumatism Neuralgia Pain in the Bones Side and Head Female Weakness Sterility Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine diseases Dropsy Dyspepsia Emaciation and General Debility With their departure health returns

PREPARED BY

DR J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in medicine

Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!!

CURED! CURED!!

Apepsia! *Apepsia!!*

The great scientific preparation will positively cure old chronic cases of Dyspepsia Dyspeptic Fits, Dyspeptic Vertigo where every known medicine has failed to give relief. I refer to a few of the cases pronounced incurable that have been cured with

APEPSIA!

H A Clark, firm of Clark Bros & Co, Philadelphia was given up by our most eminent physicians and was cured with only three bottles of Apepsia Been well over one year

Miss Katie Hoffman 872 Randolph St Philadelphia was a case of Dyspepsia Consumption, given up to die by our best physicians, but was cured with Apepsia

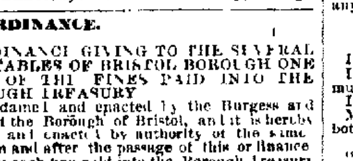
Matthew Robinson, 803 N 21st Street, Phila This was a very dangerous case of Dyspeptic Vertigo of long standing, but cured with two bottles of Apepsia

Dr Samuel W Adams, of New York City writes me his wife has been cured with Apepsia—one of the worst cases in the known world

Dr Adams is now using Apepsia in his practice without a failure in a single case The second dose gives perfect relief from two to three bottles cured the worst cases in existence

V R STONE M D,
Late Physician and Surgeon U S A

Price $1 00 per bottle For sale by H G Peters, Dr Pursell and all druggists



ONLY ONES THAT ARE
Simple in Construction & Durable.
WM. BLASIUS, 923 & 925 Chestnut St., Phila.

AN ORDINANCE.

AN ORDINANCE GIVING TO THE SEVERAL CONSTABLES OF BRISTOL BOROUGH ONE HALF OF THE FINES PAID INTO THE BOROUGH TREASURY

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bristol, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this ordinance one half of each fine paid into the Borough Treasury for the violation of any ordinance shall by the Treasurer of the Borough upon order of the Burgess and Council, be paid to the Constable through whose efforts such fine is collected

Enacted in an ordinance at the Council Chamber, this 8th day of May, A D 1882

J WESLEY WRIGHT, Burgess

Attest —JESSE O THOMAS, Clerk

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of the County of Bucks to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Pierson Mitchell and Henry H Marter, Executors of the last will and Testament of John Vandegrift deceased, to and among the persons legally entitled thereto hereby give notice to all the parties interested that he will meet them at his office in the Borough of Bristol, in said county on SATURDAY, JULY EIGHTH, A D 1882 at 10 o'clock A M of said day, to attend to the duties of his appointment when and where they can attend if they see proper

JOHN C STUCKERT, Auditor

June 1 1882

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Bucks county, to examine and if necessary re state the accounts of Anna W Collins, Administratrix of the estate of Francis Collins late of the township of Falls in said county, deceased, and also distribute the fund in the hand of the accountant hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will meet them at his office in the Borough of Bristol, in said county, on SATURDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1882, at nine o clock A M, to attend to the duties of his appointment

ANTHONY SWAIN Auditor

ESTATE NOTICE.

Estate of MAGGIE E SCHNEIDLR, late of Bristol Borough Bucks County, deceased All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same are desired to present the same in proper order for settlement without delay to

E G HARRISON, Administrator

JESSE O. THOMAS,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Gazette Office, BRISTOL, PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WM. C. PEIRCE,
Stock Broker,

No. 136 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Second Floor, PHILADELPHIA

Orders received for the purchase and sale of all kinds of investment securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, including Government Bonds, State and City Loans, Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., &c.

HENRY MITCHELL,

MARBLE and Brown Stone CUTTER.



Foot of Mill Street, Bristol, Pa.

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES & STONE CUTTING, in all its branches.

CEMETERY LOTS ENCLOSED &c &c

C. C. P. P.
CORNELL'S
COMPOUND POULTRY POWDER.

WILL save your Poultry It prevents and cures disease if used according to a treatise found in each box Try it and be convinced Ask your storekeeper for it Sold by all wholesale druggists in Philadelphia Depot, 602 Arch street Philadelphia

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS

Price 25 cents per box By mail ½ gross (1 dozen) $6 00 by express, half pound in each box

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In all its branches, from a

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—TO A—

Mammoth Poster,

—AT—

LOWEST RATES,

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GAZETTE OFFICE,

BRISTOL, PENNA

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The Greatest Invention of the Age
Something for Everybody

A new invention of rare merit which must not be classed with the cheap, miserable affairs that are now flooding the country THE LITTLE GIANT POCKET SCALE is a neat and useful article which in time will throw all the old fogy scales and balances into the shade They weigh ACCURATELY from one ounce up to eight pounds Carefully built and constructed by skillful workmen they will give the best satisfaction wherever introduced For beauty and workmanship they take the lead Heavily plated with nickel silver they cannot tarnish or rust These scales are small and portable that they can be easily carried in the vest pocket and occupies no more space than a small pocket knife These scales are fine cure and will last a lifetime without getting out of order as they are built upon an entirely new principle which the inventor spent nearly two years in perfecting They are pronounced by NED BUNTLINE (E Z C Judson) and other leading American sportsmen to be *superior* to any scale heretofore imported from Europe, and they should be seen to be appreciated Just the thing for Sportsmen, Trappers Hunters Agents Travellers, and Family use in fact "SOMETHING FOR EVERY BODY" No dealer in the world can give you a scale equal to the LITTLE GIANT for five times the price asked The pattern is neatly constructed and finely finished Every Scale we send out is in perfect order and are warranted so or money refunded every time Satisfaction guaranteed in every case these Scales are no "catch penny" affair but something both good and useful to every person in the land

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C. B. THOMPSON, Sole Manufacturer, Bridgewater, Conn.

EARS FOR THE MILLION!

Foo Choo's Balsam of Shark's Oil

Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the Only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known

This Oil is abstracted from peculiar species of small **White Shark** caught in the Yellow Sea known as CARCHARODON RONDELETII Every Chinese fisherman knows it Its virtues as a restorative of hearing were discovered by a Buddhist Priest about the year 1410 Its cures were so numerous and **many so seemingly miraculous**, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire Its use became so universal that for **over 300 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people** Sent charges prepaid to any address at $1 00 per bottle

Hear What the Deaf Say!

It has performed a miracle in my case
I have no unearthly noises in my head and hear much better
I have been greatly benefited
My deafness helped a great deal—think another bottle will cure me

"Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute as the writer can personally testify both from experience and observation Write at once to HAYLOCK & JENNEY 7 Dey Street New York, enclosing $1 00 and you will receive by return a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent You will never regret doing so —*Editor of Mercantile Review*

☞To avoid loss in the Mails, please send money by Registered Letter

Only imported by **HAYLOCK & JENNEY,**
(Late HAYLOCK & Co.)
7 Dey Street, New York.

SOLE AGENTS FOR AMERICA.

CRESCENT PLUG!

This brand of Tobacco though but a short time on the market is already the favorite with many chewers Made from selected leaf and with best sweetening it is a capital article and specially suited to the Pennsylvania taste For sale by all dealers Send for sample to the manufacturers

C. A. JACKSON & CO.,
Petersburg, Va.

EVERY ONE STUDYING MUSIC

Will get valuable information FREE by sending for circular to **E TOURJEE**, Boston Mass

$30 Per Week can be made in any locality. Something entirely new for agents **$5** outfit free **G. W. INGRAHAM & CO.**, Boston, Mass

ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo P Rowell & Co, 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers

Gold Great chance to make money Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men women boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities Any one can do the work properly from the first start The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages Expensive outfit furnished free No one who engages fails to make money rapidly You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments Full information and all that is needed sent free Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me

MISCELLANEOUS.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff & itching, Hiscox & Co, N.Y.

50c and $1 sizes at dealers in drugs and medicines

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are a lawyer minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares do not take intoxicating stimulants but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs stomach liver or nerves PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you It is the Greatest Blood Purifier

And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours

CAUTION! Refuse all substitutes Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone Send for circular to Hiscox & Co N Y 50c & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you 25 and 75 cent sizes

COLOGNE.

DIAMOND CATARRH REMEDY,

A Positive Cure for Catarrh of all kinds. It is **Instantaneous** in **Effect** and **Permanent** in **Result** Cures at any stage of the disease Has cured cases so terrible that bones came from the nose

Dr. Evory's Diamond Catarrh Remedy is mild and pleasant affording **Immediate Relief** and prompt cure in all cases of **Catarrh, Influenza, Hay Fever Bronchitis**

It will remove Polypus and effectually cure Watery and Purulent Discharges from the Head and Throat, and Foetid, Sickening Breath perfectly restore Impaired Smell Taste and Hearing, relieve Headache Break up Colds in the Head; Strengthen the Voice and Eyes, Purify Regulate and Render Clear and Active every Organ of the Head and Throat Price, 50 cents

Dr. Evory's Diamond Invigorator is a **Perfect Blood Purifier Appetizer** and **Nerve Tonic** It makes a delightful wholesome drink, which **Invigorates Purifies** and **Strengthens** the entire system

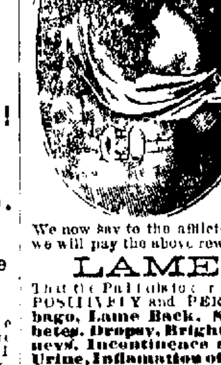
For General Debility, Dyspepsia, Biliousness Torpid Liver Indigestion Neuralgic and Rheumatic Affections, Jaundice, Malaria, Flatulency Nausea Sick Headache and Kidney Complaints it is invaluable Price, 50 cents

Dr. Evory's Diamond Salve is a sovereign cure for Burns Bruises Sores of all kinds Salt Rheum, Tetter Ringworm and Cutaneous Eruptions Price, 25 cents

Ask your Druggist for these remedies and take no other, or will be sent Free on receipt of price.

Descriptive Pamphlets Free

Address Dr Evory's Diamond Remedies Co
P O Box 3360. 104 John Street New York.



$500 REWARD!

Over a Million

of

Prof Guilmette's

FRENCH

KIDNEY PADS

Have already been sold in this country and in France every one of which has given perfect satisfaction, and has performed cures every time when used according to directions

We now say to the afflicted and doubting ones that we will pay the above reward for a single case of

LAME BACK

That the Pad fails to cure This Great Remedy will POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY cure **Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, High Colored Urine Pain in the Back, Side or Loins, Nervous Weakness** and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs whether contracted by private disease or otherwise

LADIES, if you are suffering from Female Weakness Leucorrhœa or any disease of the Kidneys Bladder or Urinary Organs

YOU CAN BE CURED!

Without swallowing nauseous medicines by simply wearing

PROF. GUILMETTE'S
French Kidney Pad,

WHICH CURES BY ABSORPTION

Ask your druggist for PROF GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, and take no other If he has not got it send $2 00 and you will receive the Pad by return mail

TESTIMONIALS FROM THE PEOPLE.

JUDGE BUCHANAN Lawyer Toledo O says "One of Prof Guilmette's French Kidney Pads cured me of Lumbago in three weeks time My case had been given up by the best Doctors as incurable During all this time I suffered untold agony and paid out large sums of money

GEORGE VETTER J P, Toledo, O, says: "I suffered for three years with Sciatica and Kidney disease, and often had to go about on crutches I was entirely and permanently cured after wearing Prof Guilmette's French Kidney Pad four weeks"

SQUIRE N C SCOTT, Sylvania O writes "I have been a great sufferer for 15 years with Bright's Disease of the kidneys For weeks at a time was unable to get out of bed, took barrels of medicine, but they gave me only temporary relief I wore two of Prof Guilmette's Kidney Pads six weeks and I now know I am entirely cured"

MRS HELLEN JEROME, Toledo O says "For years I have been confined a great part of the time to my bed, with Leucorrhœa and female weakness I wore one of Guilmette's Kidney Pads and was cured in one month"

H B Green wholesale Grocer Findley O writes

"I suffered for 25 years with lame back and in three weeks was permanently cured by wearing one of Prof Guilmette's Kidney Pads

B F KEESLING, M D Druggist Logansport Ind when sending in an order for Kidney Pads writes

I wore one of the first ones we had and I received more benefit from it than anything I ever used In fact the Pads give better general satisfaction than any Kidney remedy we ever sold

RAY & SHOEMAKER Druggists Hannibal Mo

We are working up a lively trade in your Pads and are hearing of good results from them every day

Prof Guilmette's French Liver Pad

Will positively cure Fever and Ague Dumb Ague Ague Cake Billious Fever Jaundice Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Liver Stomach and Blood Price $1 50 by mail Send for Prof Guilmette's Treatise on the Kidneys and Liver free by mail

Address FRENCH PAD CO, Toledo, Ohio

Wholesale and Retail by

H G PETERS Graduate of Pharmacy
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Best business now before the public You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else, capital not needed We will start you $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious Men women boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us now is the time You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once Costly outfit and terms free Money made fast easily and honorably Address TRUE & Co, Augusta, Maine

$66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free No risk, everything new Capital not required. We will furnish you everything Many are making fortunes ladies are making as much as men and boys and girls make great pay Reader if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co, Portland, Me

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Every Safe and Desirable Kind,

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LIFE AND ACCIDENT

INSURANCE COMPANY,

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Paid-up Cash Capital, - $600,000

Every dollar of which is pledged for payment of Policies

Solid Cash Assets, - $5,854,000
Total Liabilities, - 4,418,000
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Of all safe and desirable forms on the Low Rate All Cash Stock Plan No notes or "dividends" and no disappointed expectations Definite contracts, valid claims promptly paid.

Claims paid in Life Department over $1,800,000

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Covering death and wholly disabling injury by accident are written at short notice for a month or a year More than 10,000 claims have been paid Combined Life and Accident Policy (regular Life with weekly indemnity for disabling casualty at less than Mutual rates) and Life Policy alone

Amount Accident Claims Paid, $4,000,000

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Amount Insured	Weekly Indemnity	ANNUAL PREMIUM Class Pref'd	Class Ex. Pref'd	Class Ordy	Class Medium
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000	10 0	10 00	12 00	15 00	00
3 000	15 00	15 00	18 00	22 50	30 00
5 000	25 00	25 00	30 00	37 50	50 00
10 000	50 00	50 00	60 00	75 00	—

Preferred Class includes Clergymen Editors Lawyers, Merchants, Clerks Bankers Book Keepers Teachers etc

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More hazardous employments at proportionate rates

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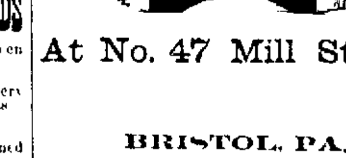
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Can always be found a full and complete stock of Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE!!

IRON & STEEL,

Nails and Cutlery,

FARM & GARDEN IMPLEMENTS.

WIRE SCREEN,

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Horse Shoe Nails.

LOWEST PRICES!

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GERMAN INVIGORATOR.

which positively and permanently cures **Impotency** (caused by excesses of any kind), **Seminal Weakness**, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse as loss of energy, loss of memory universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave

Send for circulars with testimonials free by mail The **INVIGORATOR** is sold at $1 per box, or six boxes for $5 by all druggists or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing

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187 Summit St, Toledo, Ohio.

Sole Agent for the United States
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THE use of the piano at Washington Hall can be obtained upon reasonable terms, by applying at GAZETTE OFFICE.

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